

# Semantic Parsing on Freebase from Question-Answer Pairs



EMNLP

October 20, 2013

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# Semantic Parsing

*Who did Humphrey Bogart marry in 1928?*

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semantic parsing

Type.Person  $\sqcap$  Marriage.(Spouse.HumphreyBogart  $\sqcap$  StartDate.1928)

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execute logical form

Mary Philips

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execute logical form

Mary Philips

**Motivation:** Natural language interface to large structured knowledge-bases (Freebase, DBPedia, Yelp, ...)

# Statistical semantic parsing

Supervision: manually annotated logical forms

*What's California's capital?*

Capital.California

*How long is the Mississippi river?*

RiverLength.Mississippi

...

...

# Statistical semantic parsing

**Supervision:** manually annotated logical forms

*What's California's capital?*

Capital.California

*How long is the Mississippi river?*

RiverLength.Mississippi

...

...

Limitations:

- Requires experts — slow, expensive, does not scale!
- Restricted to limited domains

# Weakly supervised parsers

Supervision: question/answers pairs

*What's California's capital?* Sacramento

*How long is the Mississippi river?* 3,734km

...

...



# Weakly supervised parsers

Supervision: question/answers pairs

*What's California's capital?*      Sacramento

*How long is the Mississippi river?*      3,734km

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...

Advantage: obtain from non-experts!

# Weakly supervised parsers

Supervision: question/answers pairs

*What's California's capital?* Sacramento

*How long is the Mississippi river?* 3,734km

...

...

Advantage: obtain from non-experts!

Dataset	# word types
GeoQuery	279
ATIS	936
KM-NP	158

# Scaling to large knowledge-bases

Unsupervised systems with no training

- Unger et al., 2012; Yahya et al., 2012

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Distant supervision (on a small set of KB predicates)

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Parser trained from question/logical form pairs

- Cai and Yates, 2013

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Parser trained from question/logical form pairs

- Cai and Yates, 2013

**Our goal:** Training a parser from **question/answer pairs** on a **large knowledge-base**

# Challenge: mapping text to the KB



BarackObama  
TopGun  
MichelleObama  
Type.Country  
Type.city  
Profession.Lawyer  
PeopleBornHere  
InventorOf  
CapitalOf  
⋮

What languages do people in Brazil use

## Challenge: mapping text to the KB



BarackObama  
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CapitalOf  
⋮

[illegible]

## What languages do people in Brazil use

- Exhaustive enumeration is intractable [Liang et al. 2011]



# Challenge: mapping text to the KB



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⋮

Type.HumanLanguage  
SpeechLanguagePathology  
LanguageAcquisition  
⋮

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**What languages do people in Brazil use**

- Exhaustive enumeration is intractable [Liang et al. 2011]
- String matching is not precise [Yahya et al. 2012]

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LanguagesSpoken  
⋮

**What languages do people in Brazil use**

- Exhaustive enumeration is intractable [Liang et al. 2011]
- String matching is not precise [Yahya et al. 2012]
- String matching has coverage issues

# Contributions



BarackObama  
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**What languages do people in Brazil use**

# Contributions



BarackObama  
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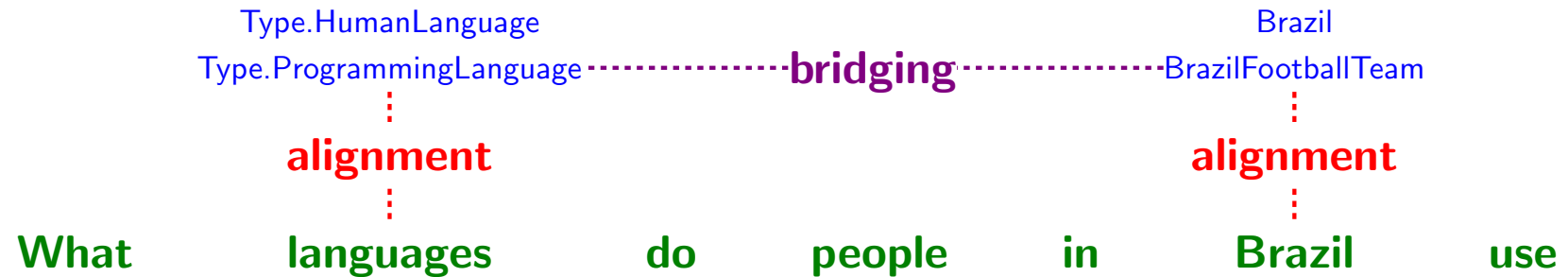
**Alignment:** lexicon from text phrases to KB predicates

# Contributions



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⋮

LanguagesSpoken



**Alignment:** lexicon from text phrases to KB predicates

**Bridging:** Use context to generate KB predicates

# Semantic parsing



- **Setup**
- Alignment
- Bridging
- Composition
- Dataset creation
- Experiments

# Setup

## Input:

- Knowledge-base  $\mathcal{K}$
- Training set of question-answer pairs  $\{(x_i, y_i)\}_1^n$

*What are the main cities in California?*      SF, LA, ...

# Setup

## Input:

- Knowledge-base  $\mathcal{K}$
- Training set of question-answer pairs  $\{(x_i, y_i)\}_1^n$

*What are the main cities in California?*      SF, LA, ...

## Output:

- Semantic parser that maps questions  $x$  to answers  $y$  through logical forms  $z$

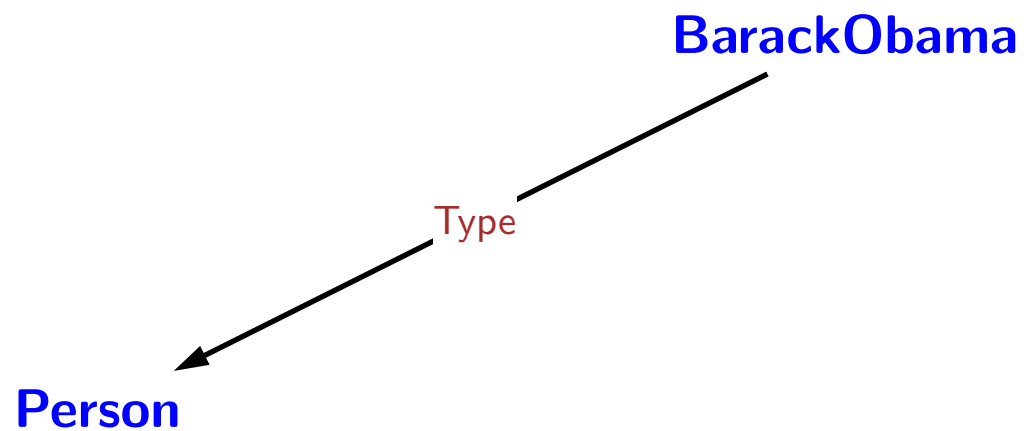
*countries in Asia*  $\Rightarrow$  Type.Country  $\sqcap$  ContainedBy.Asia

$\Rightarrow$  China, Japan, Israel, ...

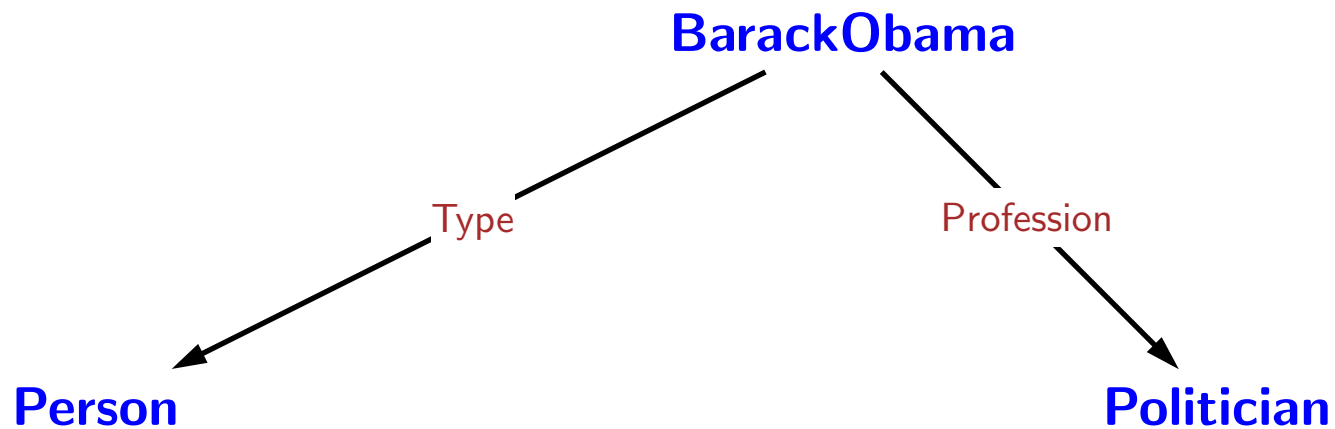


# Freebase knowledge graph

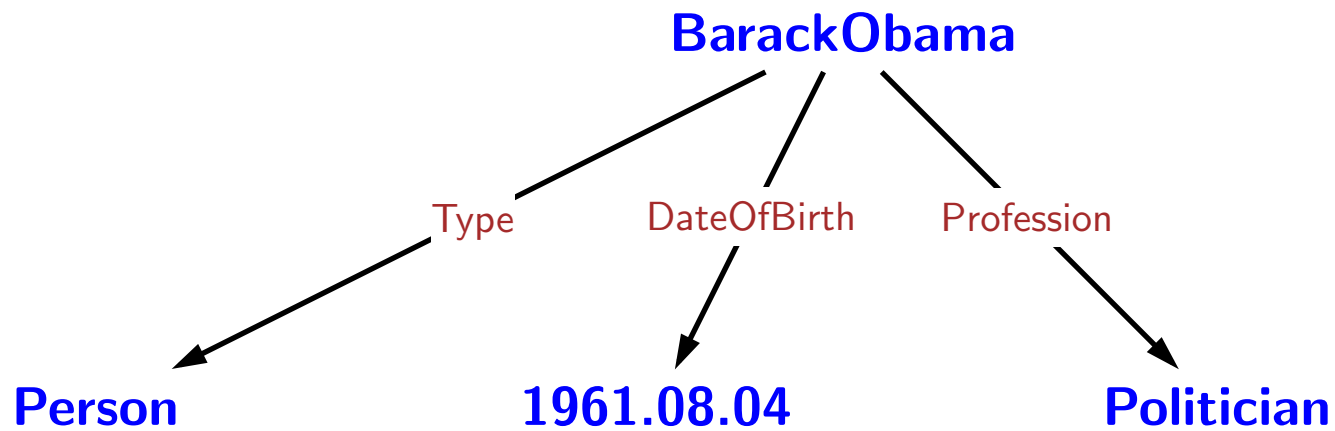
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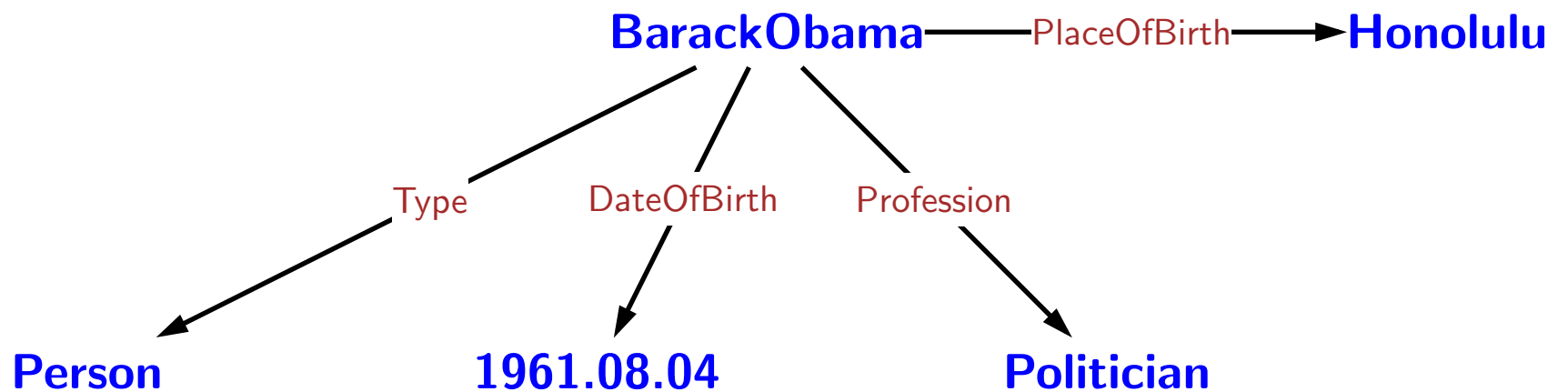
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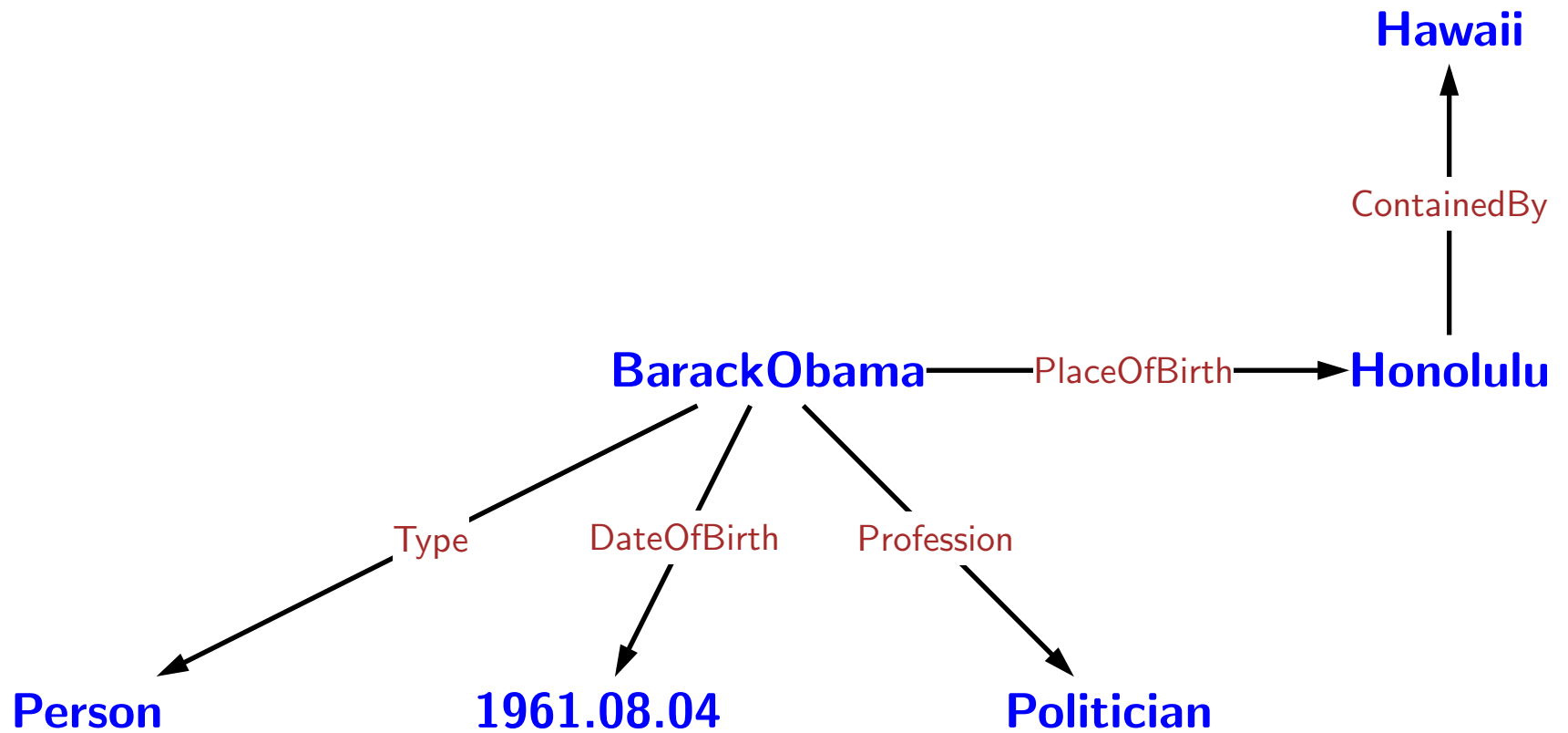
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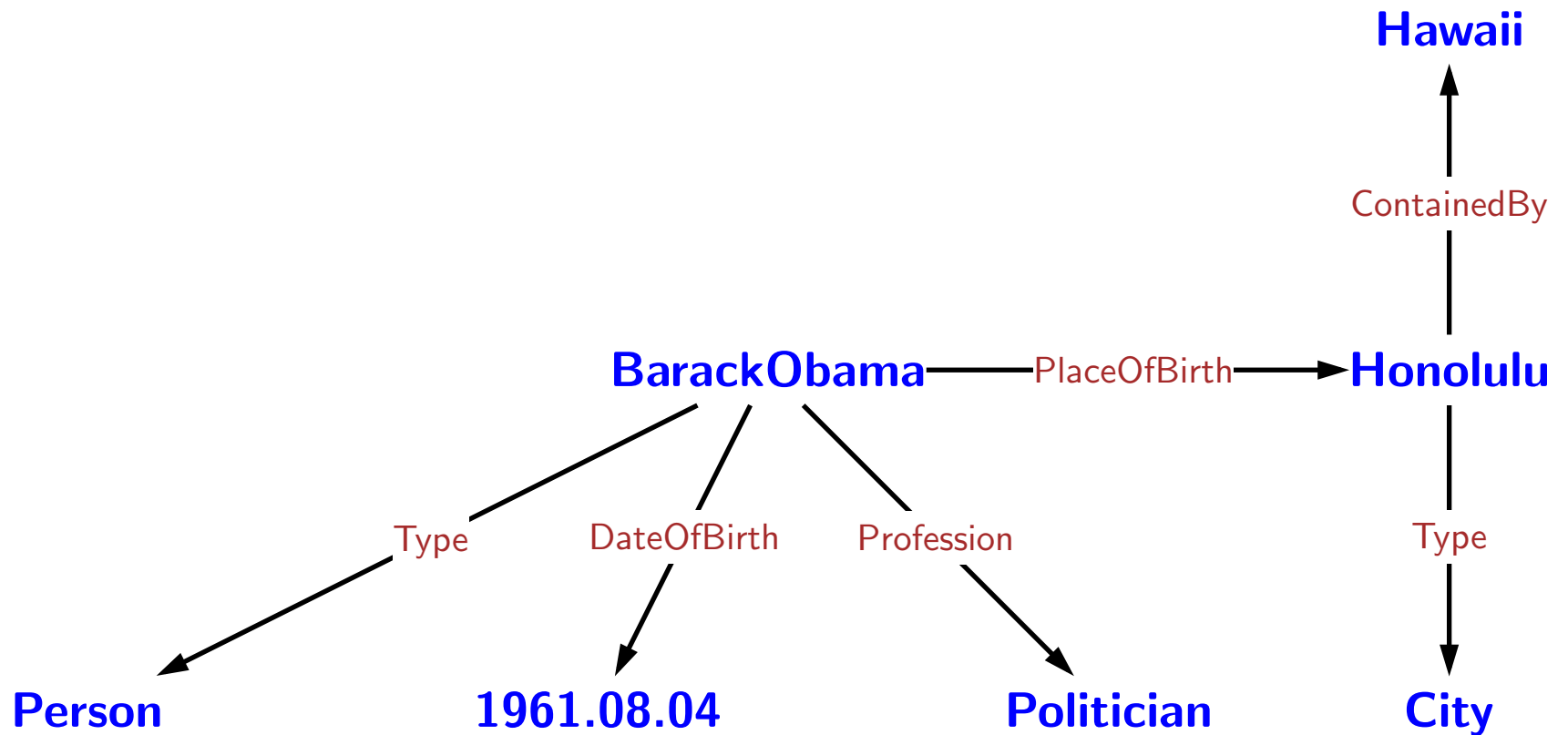
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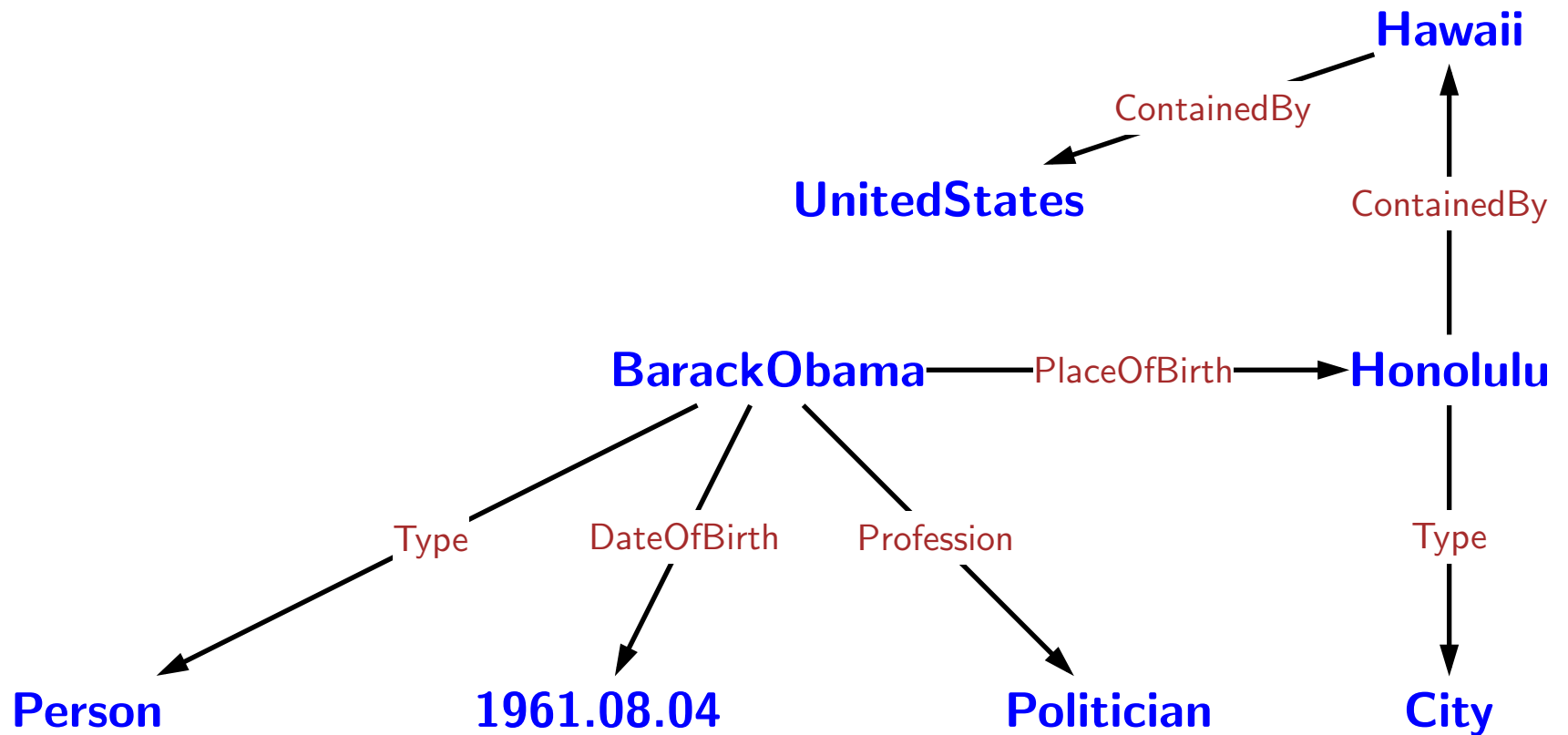
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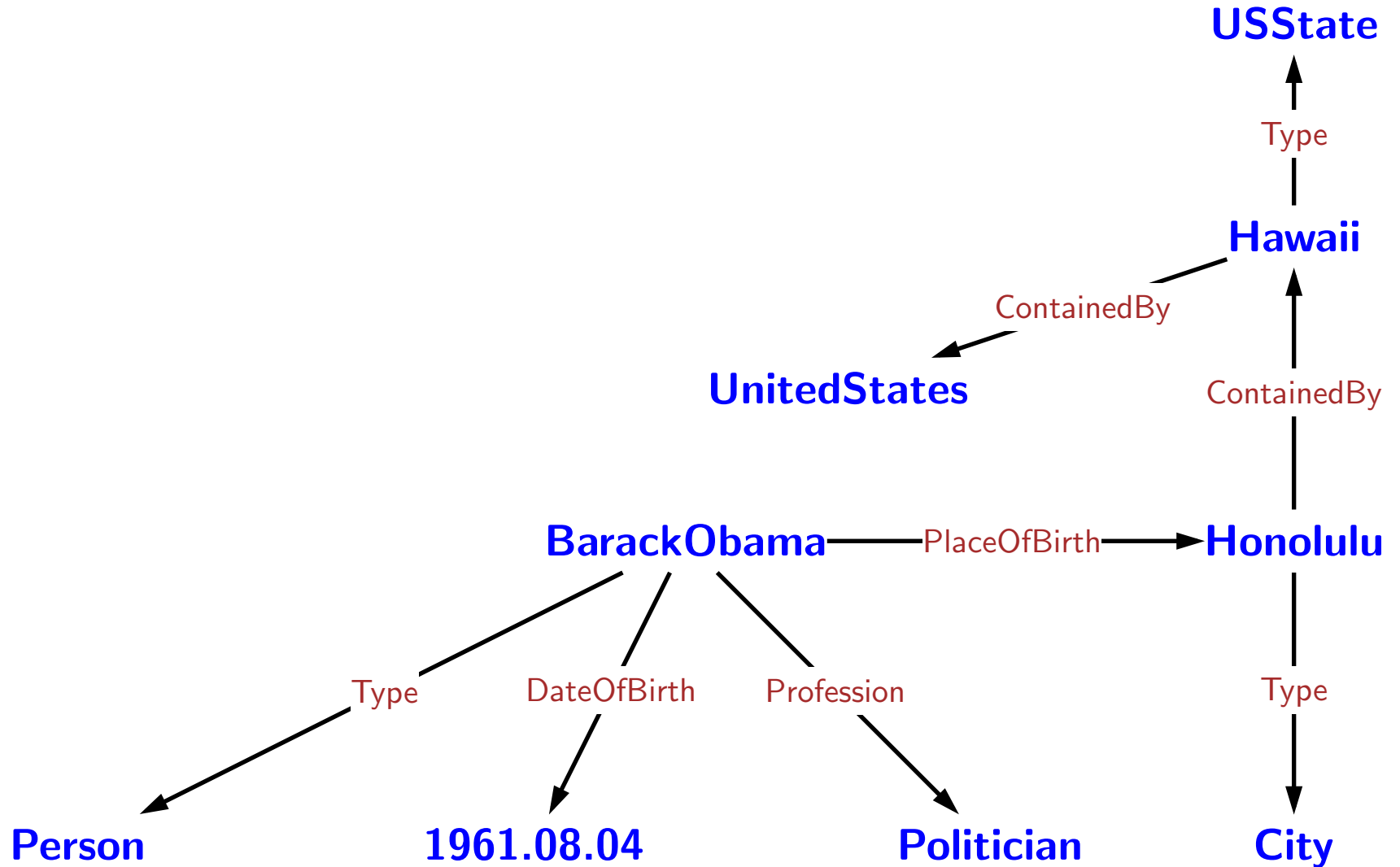


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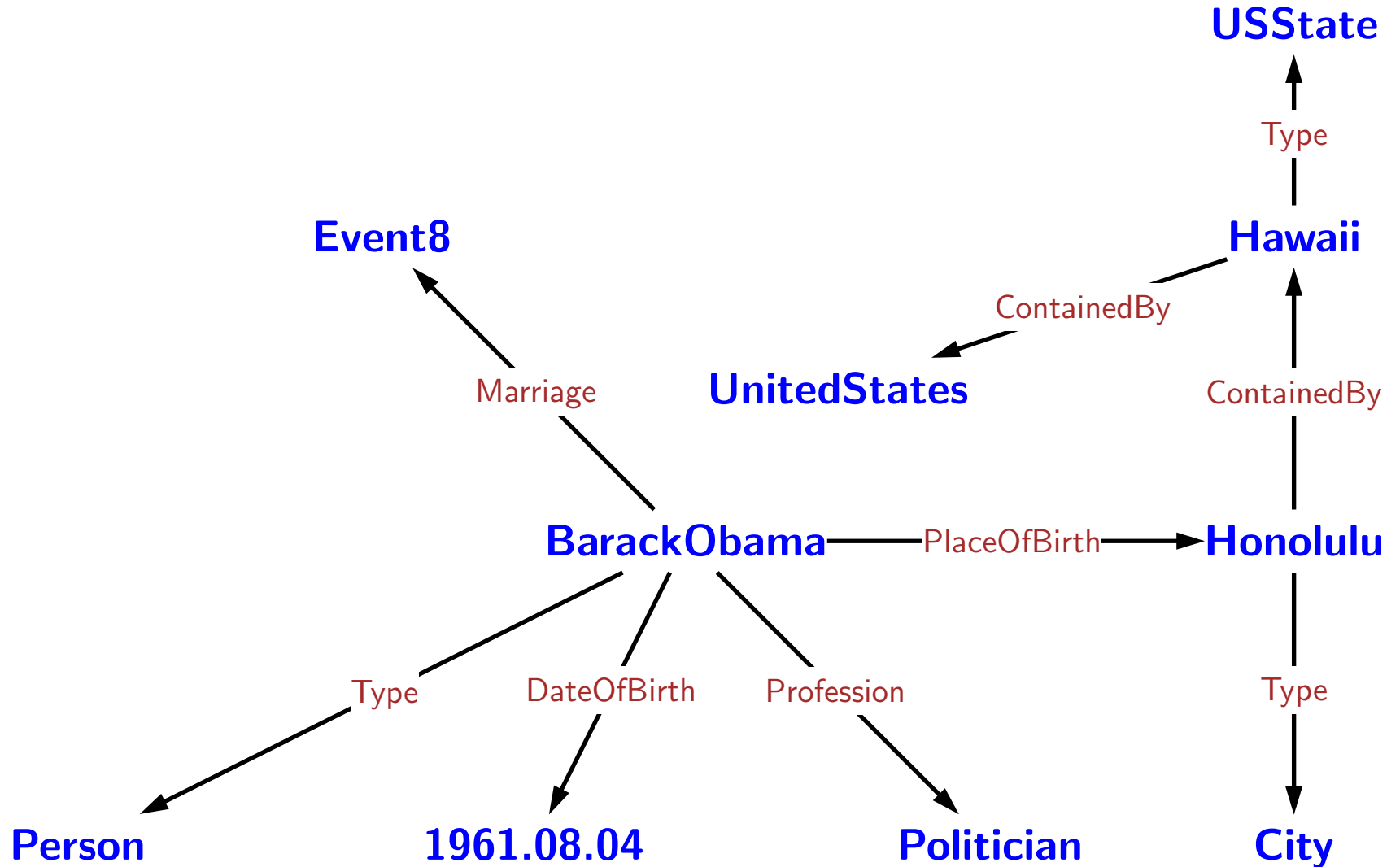




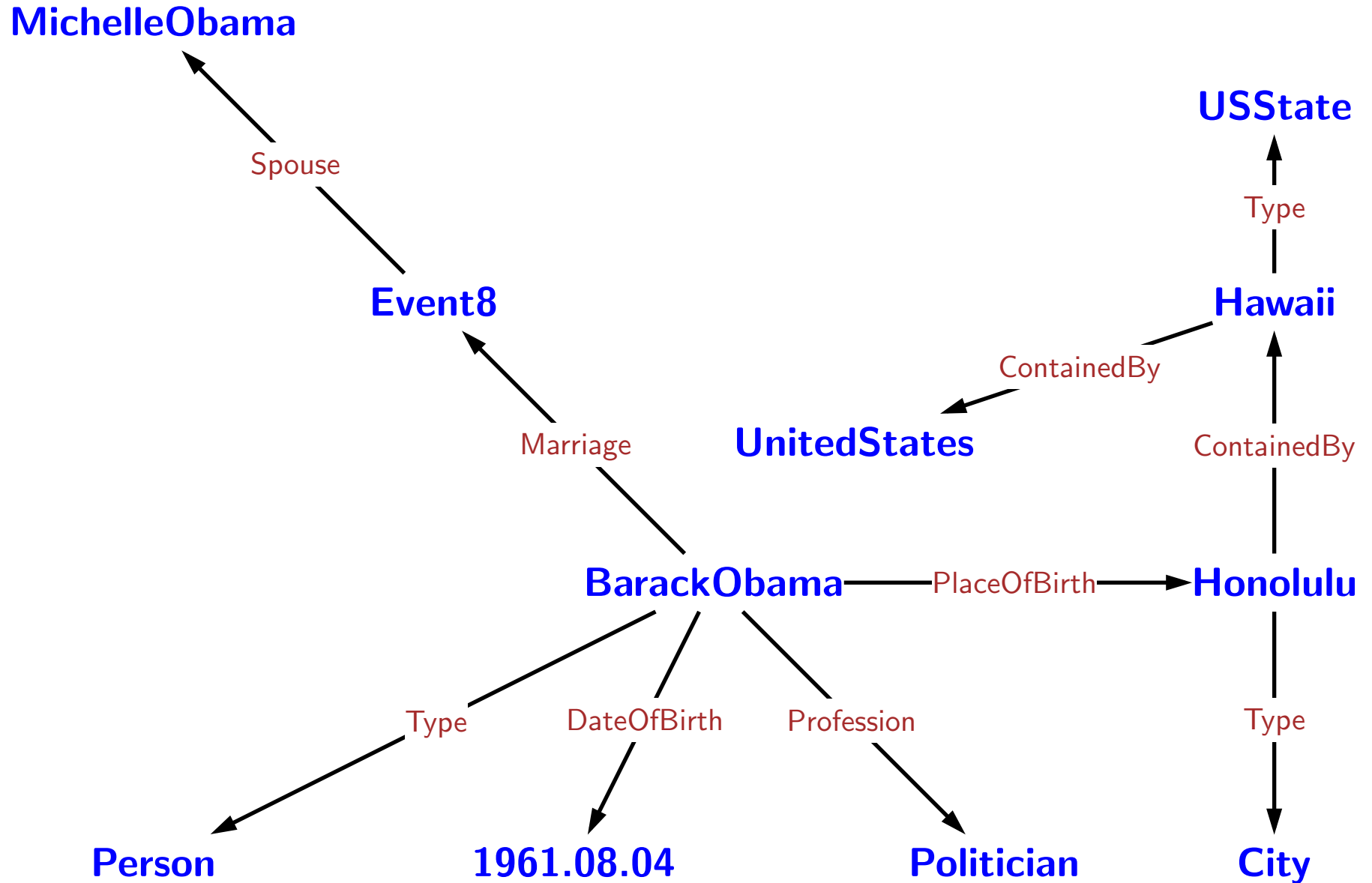
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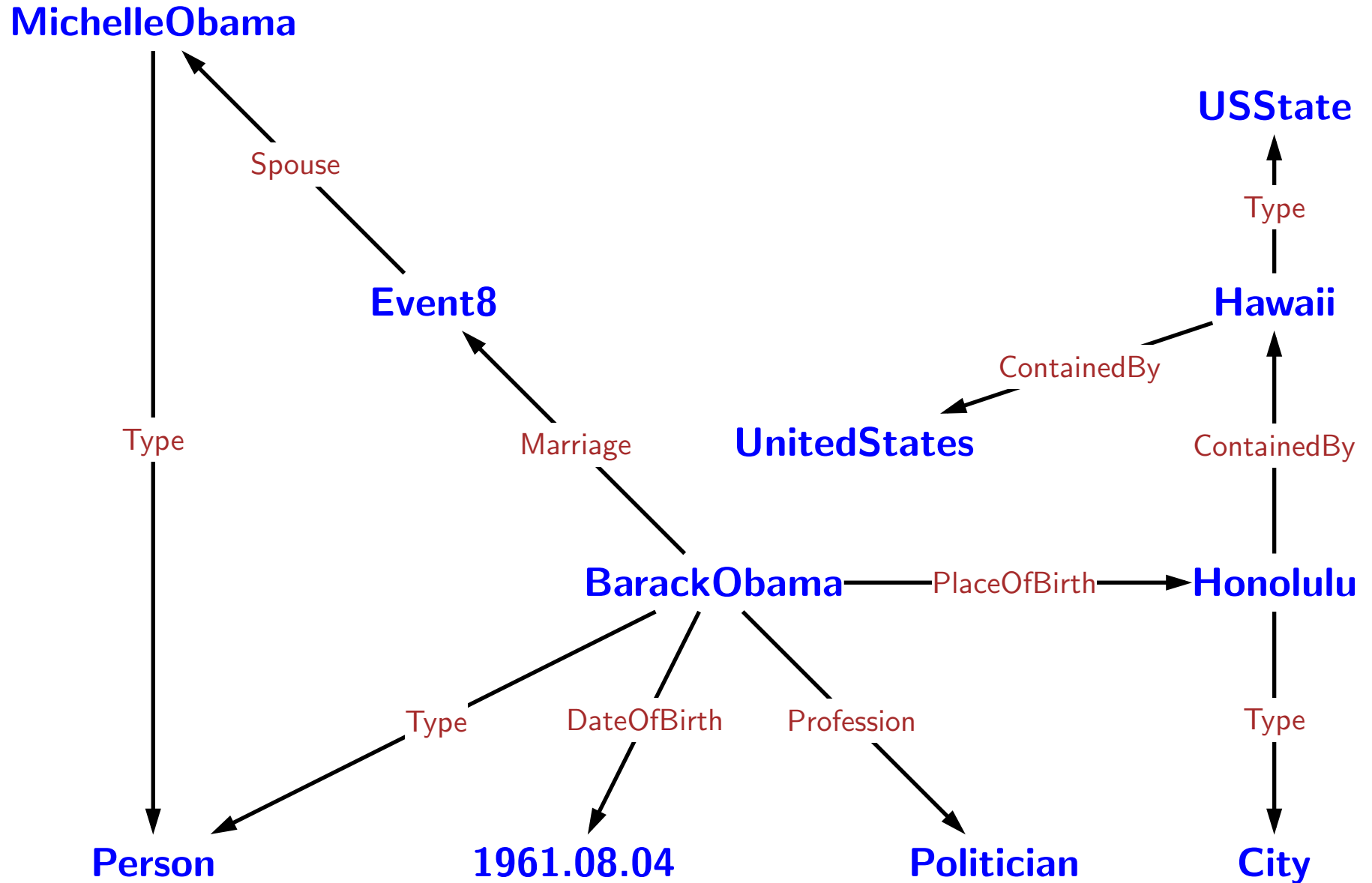
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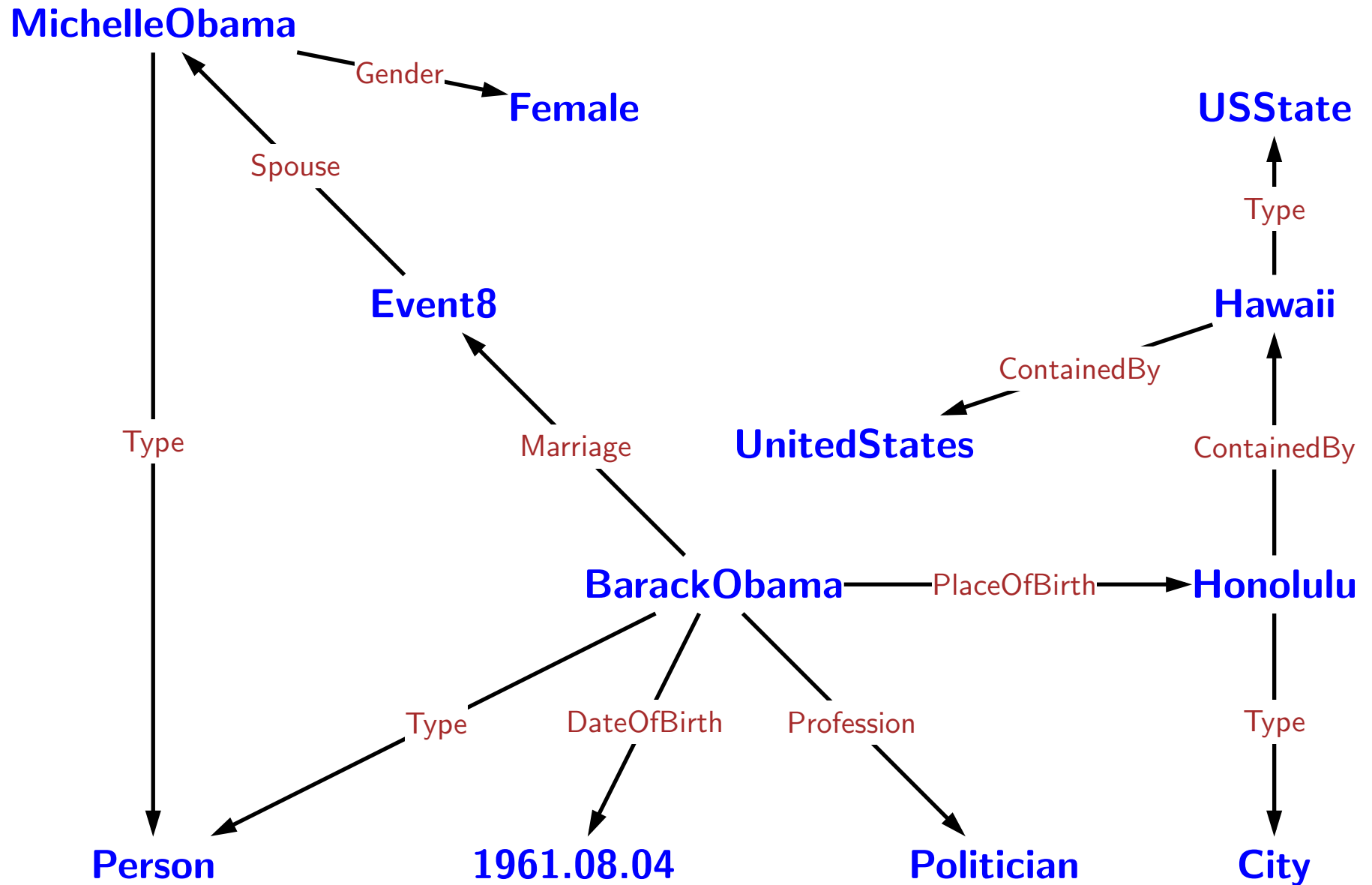
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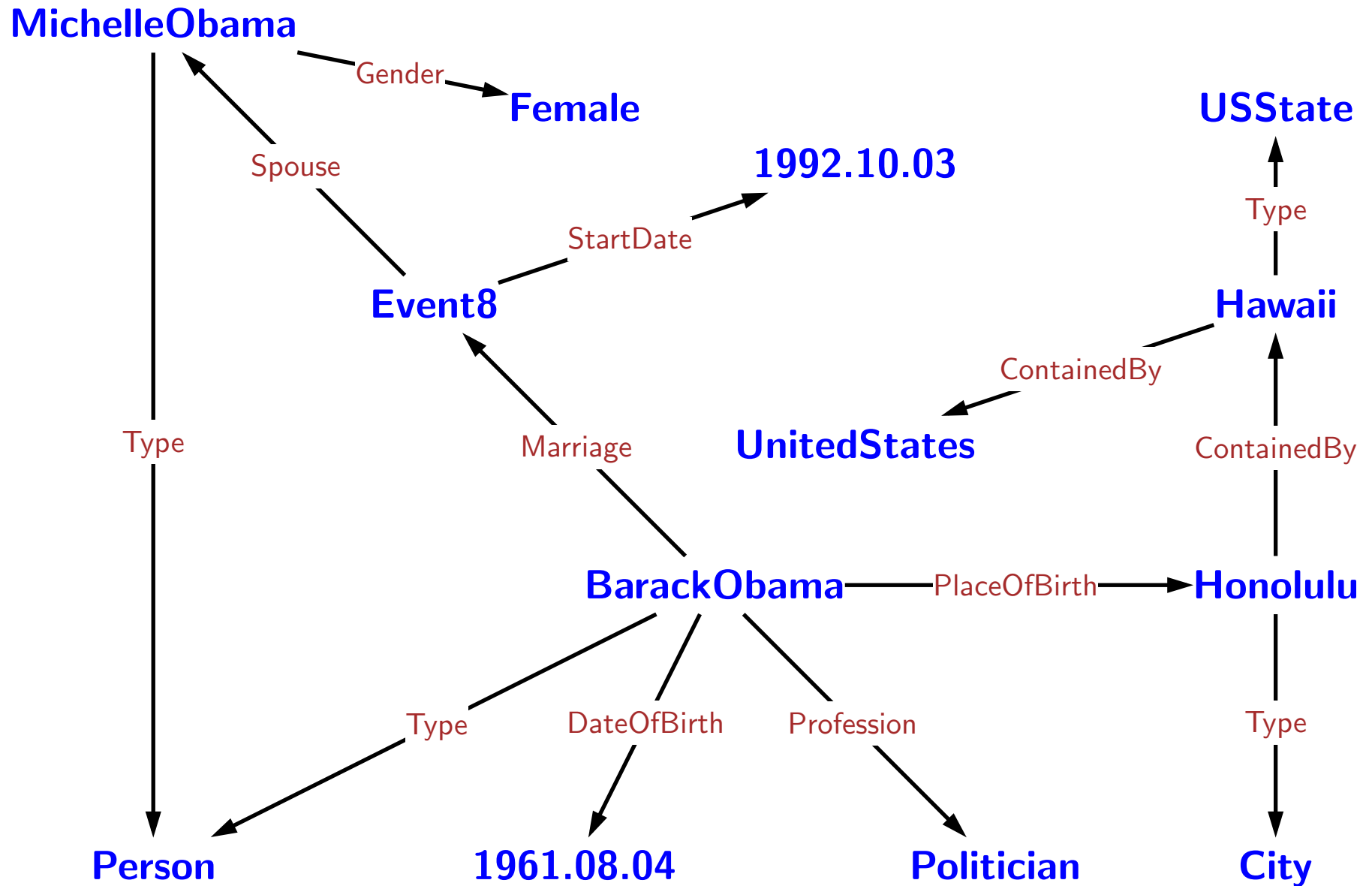
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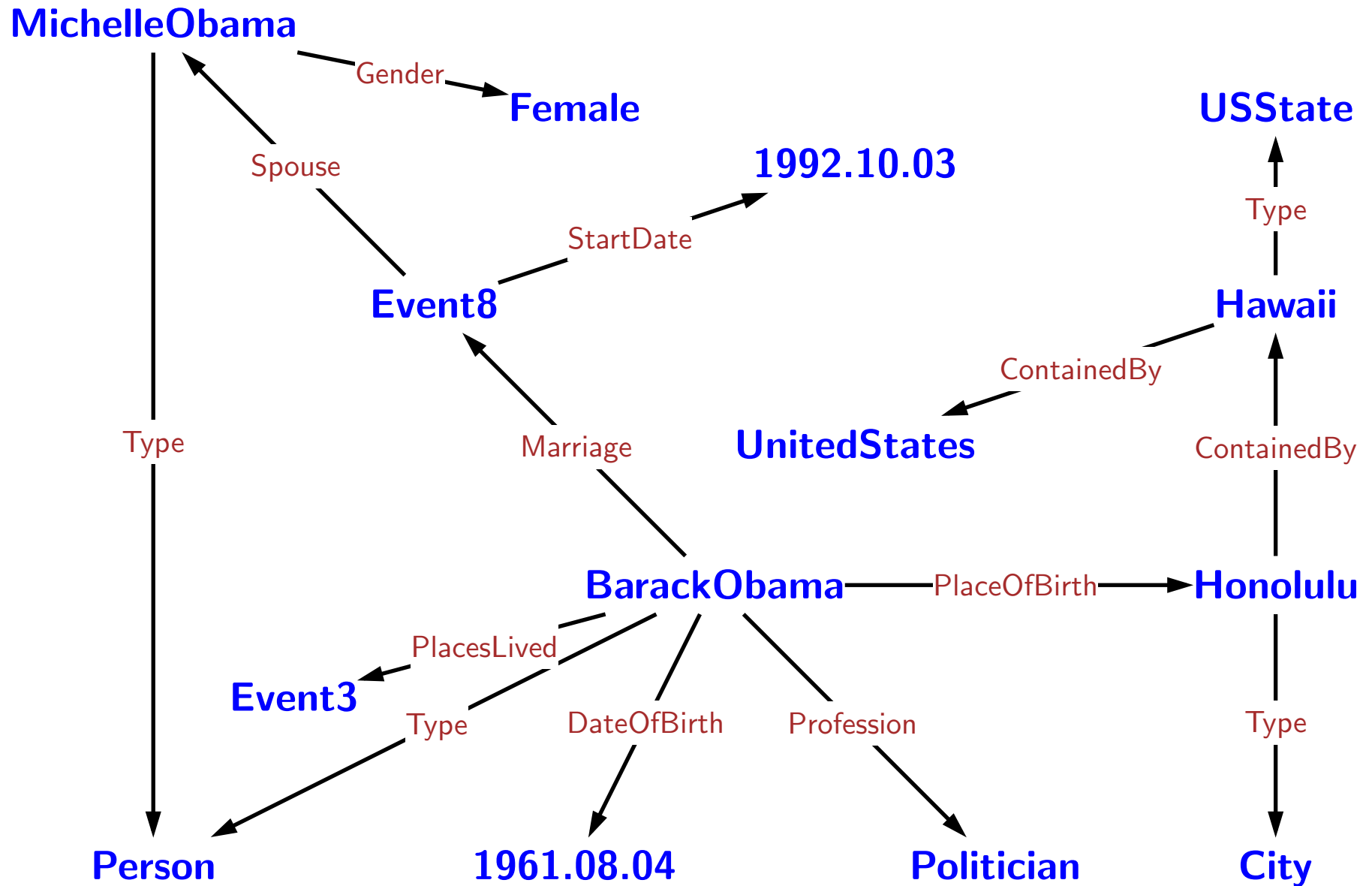
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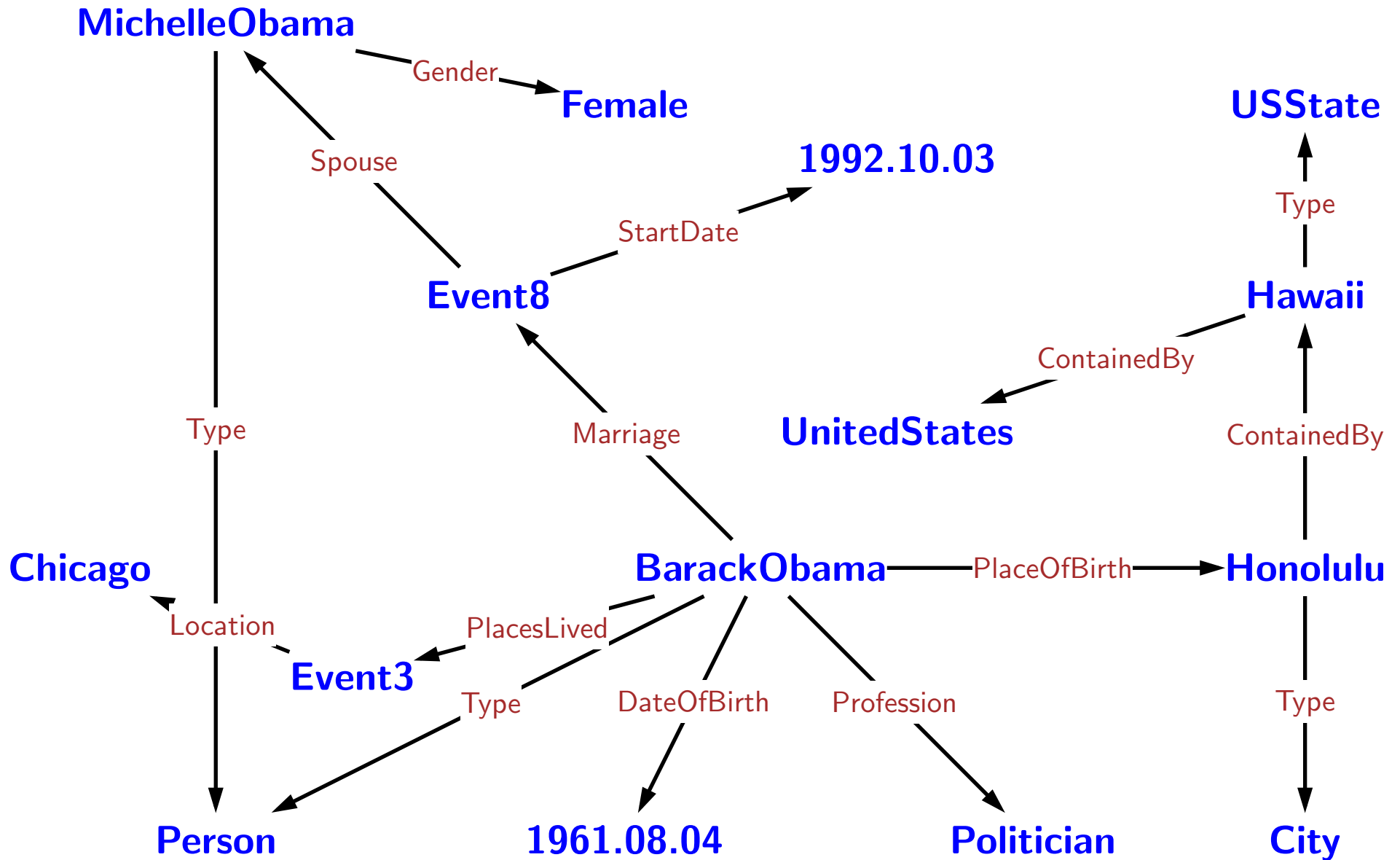
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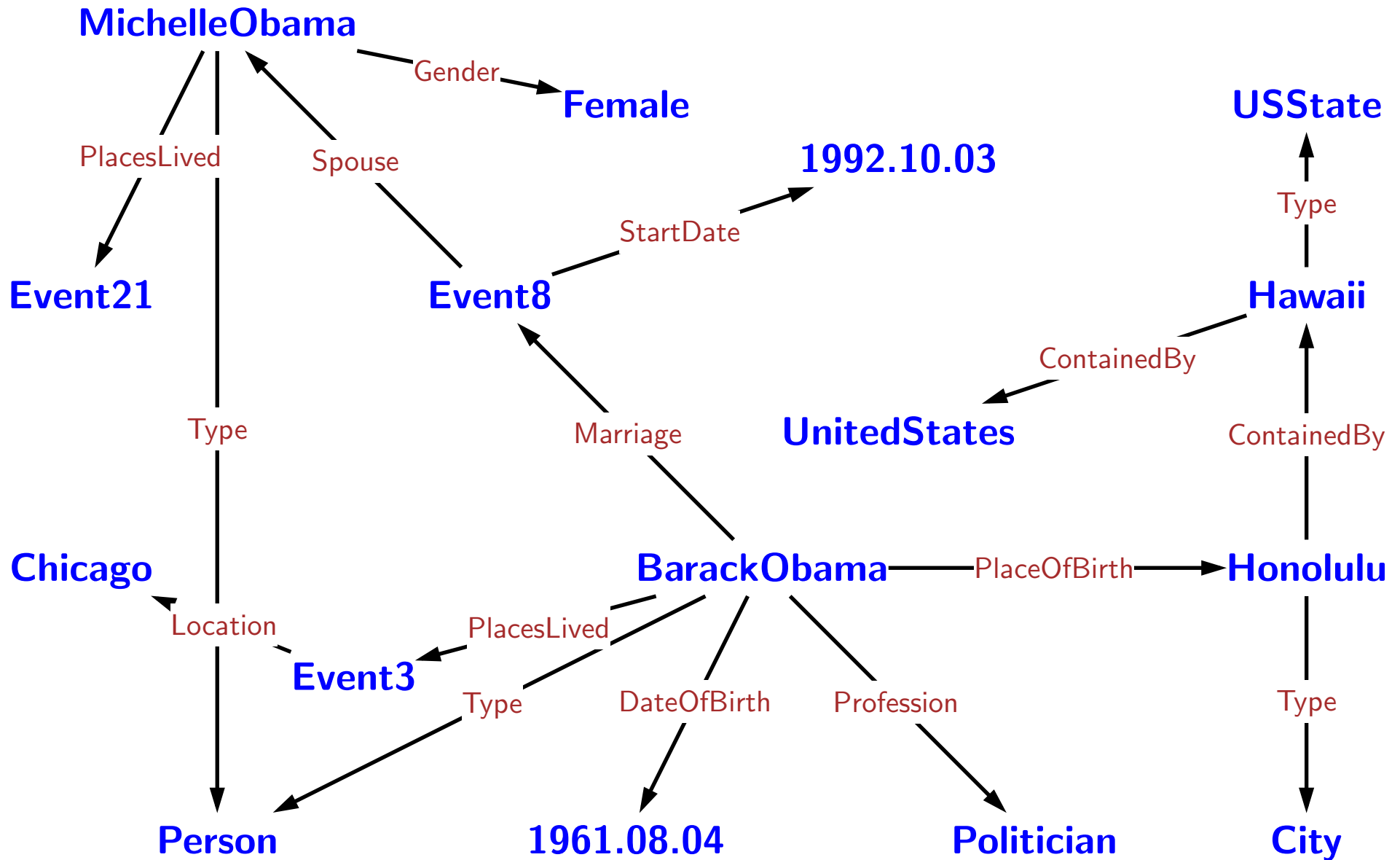


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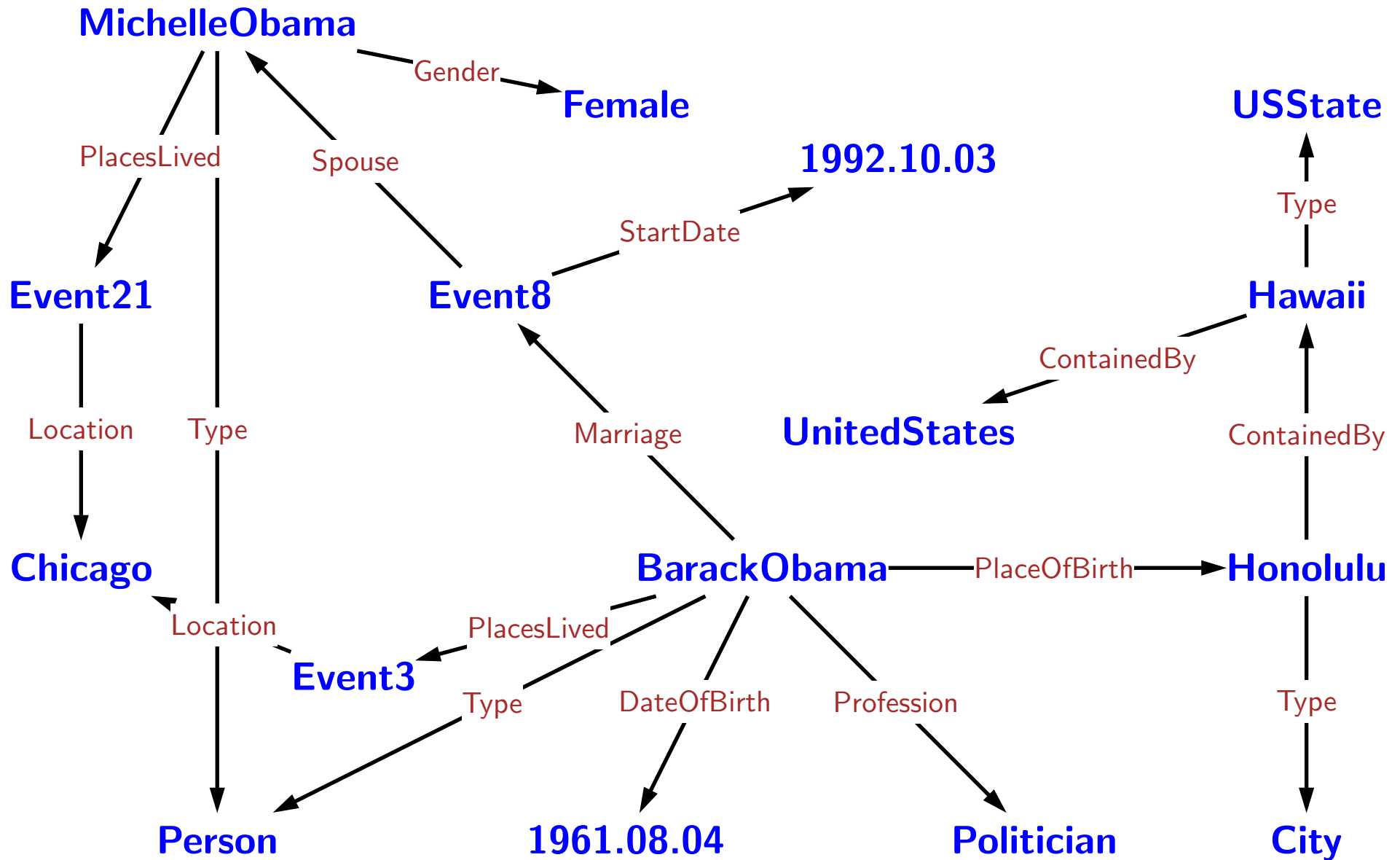




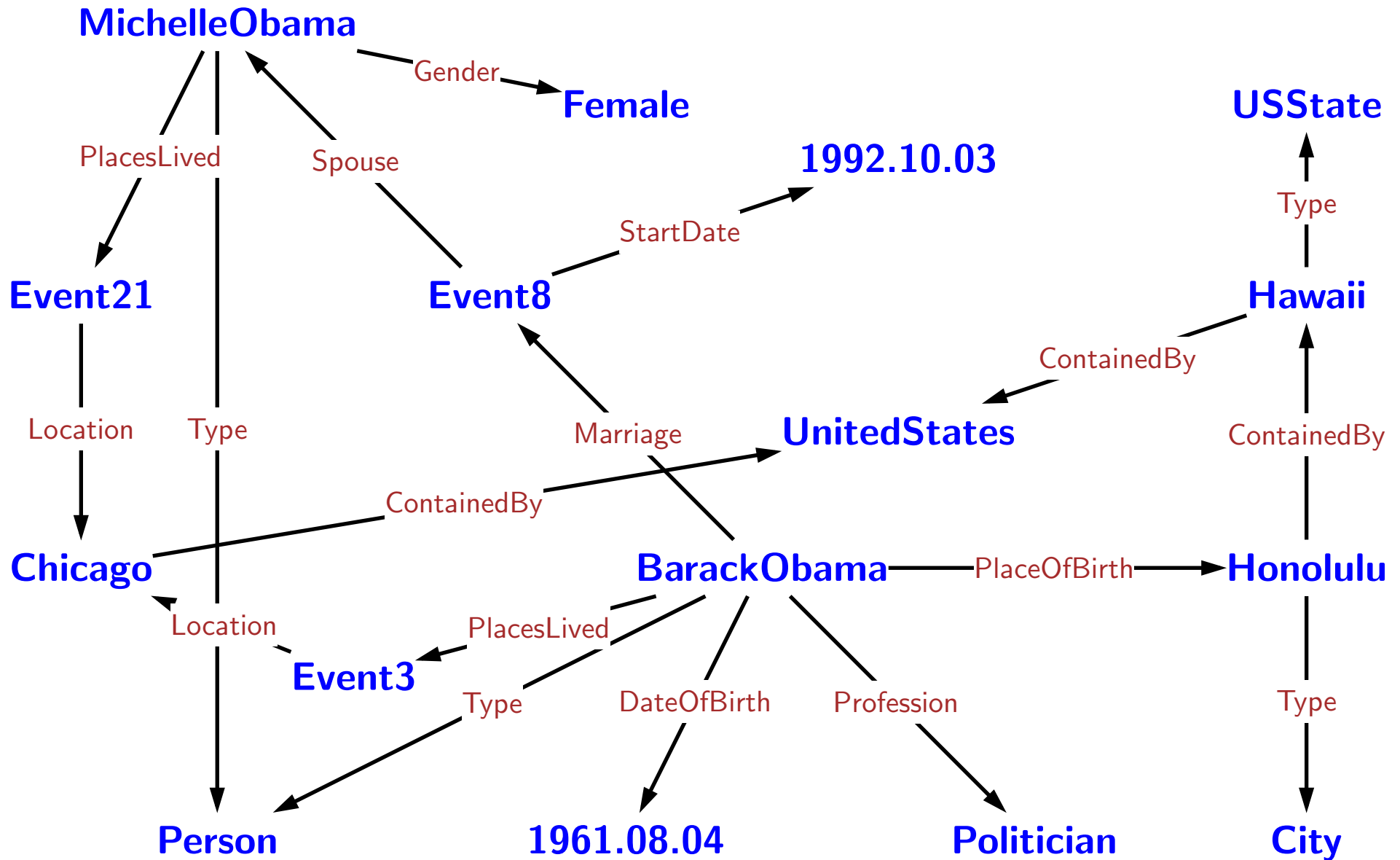
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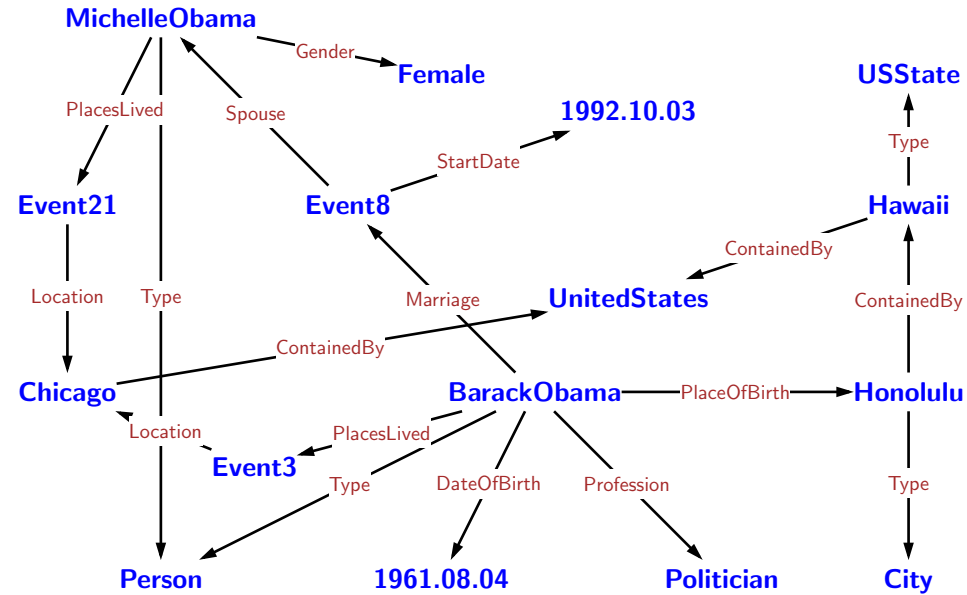
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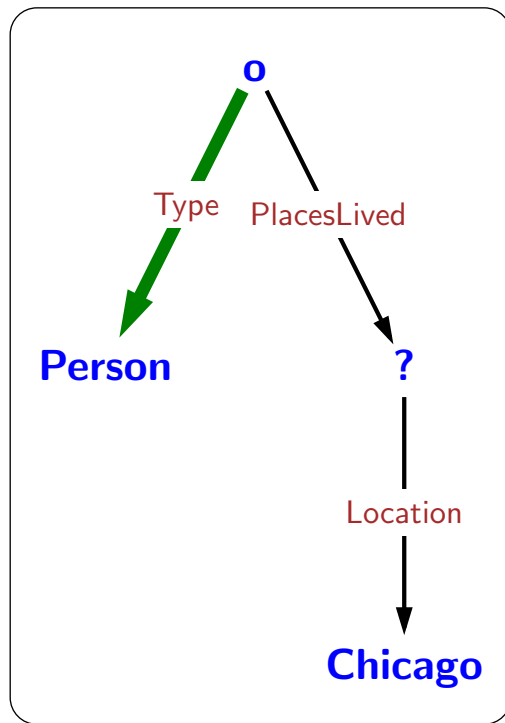
41M **entities** (nodes)

19K **properties** (edge labels)

596M assertions (edges)

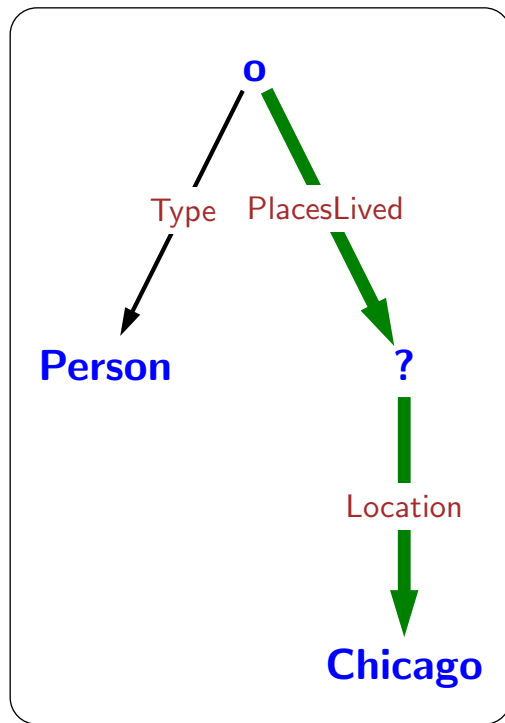
# Logical forms are graph templates

Type.Person  $\sqcap$  PlacesLived.Location.Chicago



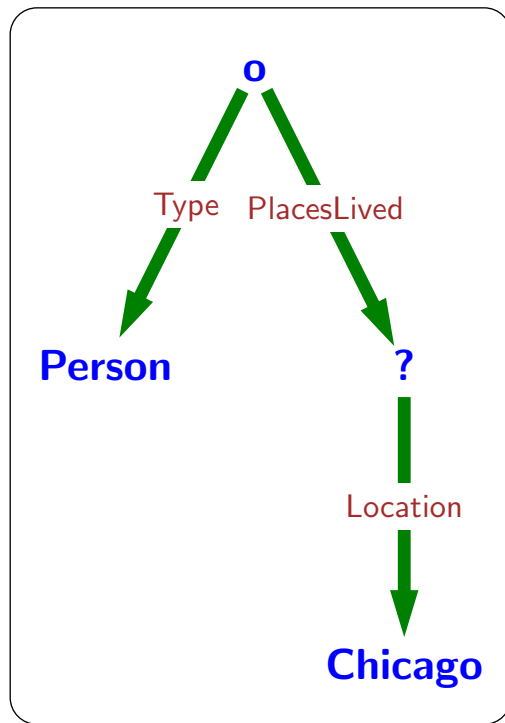
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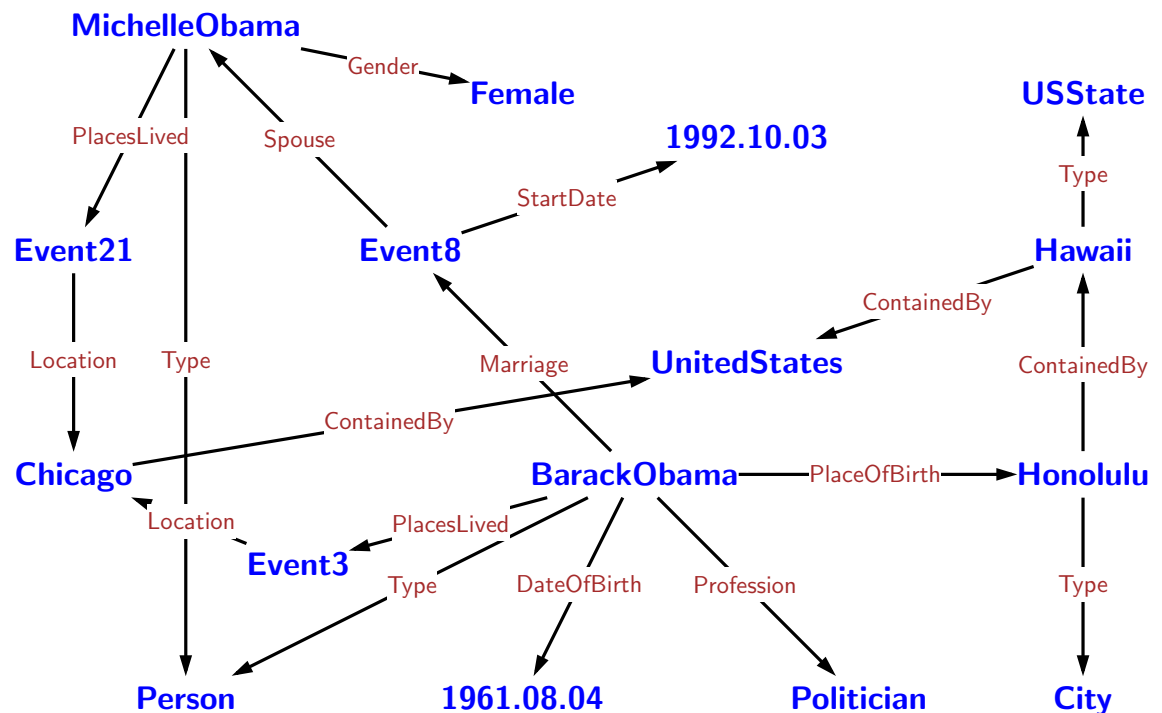
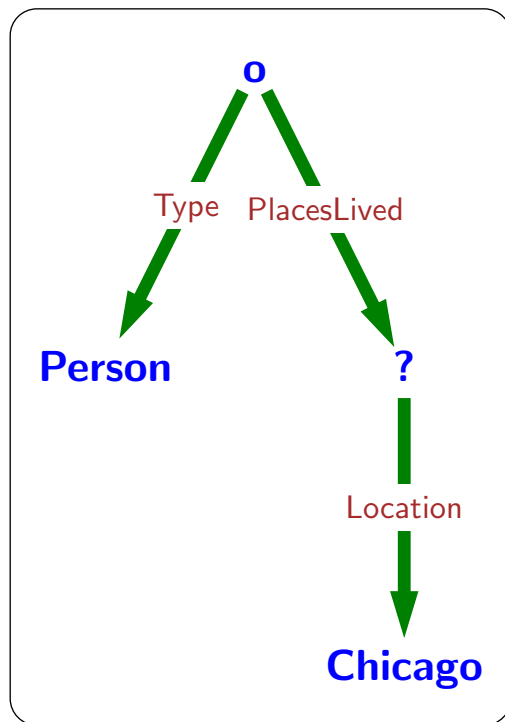
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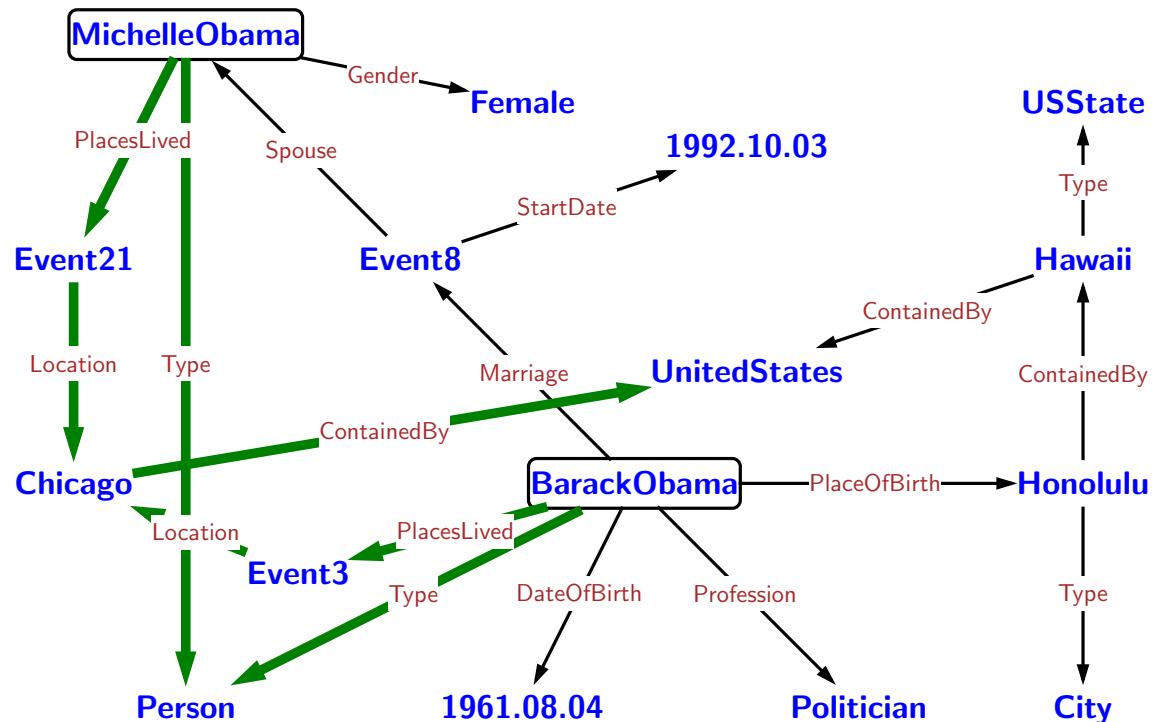
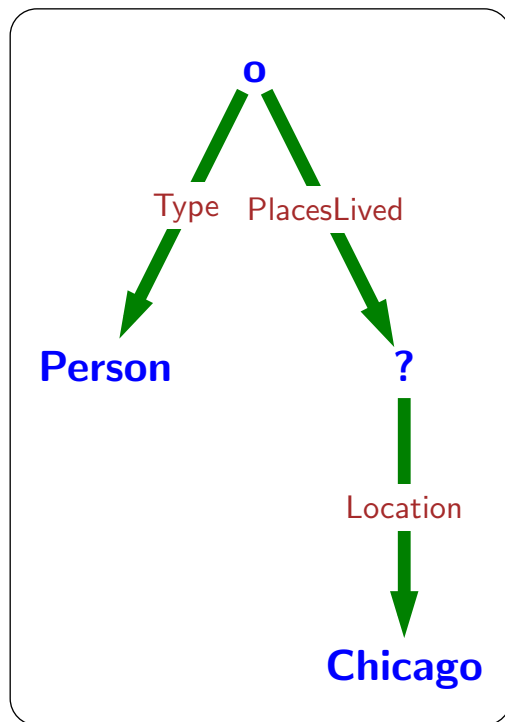
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# Logical forms are graph templates

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# Semantic parsing



- Setup
- **Alignment**
- Bridging
- Composition
- Dataset creation
- Experiments

# Alignment



BarackObama  
TopGun  
Type.Country  
Profession.Lawyer  
PeopleBornHere  
InventorOf  
⋮

Type.HumanLanguage  
Type.ProgrammingLanguage  
⋮

**alignment**

What

languages

do

people

in

Brazil  
BrazilFootballTeam  
⋮

**alignment**

Brazil

use

# Alignment: text phrases

ReVerb on ClueWeb09 [Thomas Lin]:



(*Barack Obama*, *was born in*, *Honolulu*)

(*Albert Einstein*, *was born in*, *Ulm*)

(*Barack Obama*, *lived in*, *Chicago*)

... 15M triples ...

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- Entities are linked to Freebase

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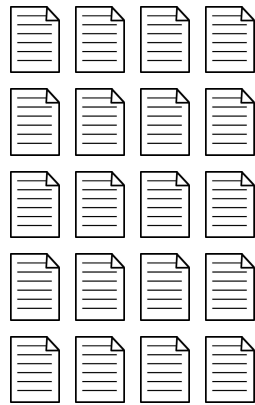
(*Barack Obama*, *lived in*, *Chicago*)

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- Entities are linked to Freebase
- Hearst patterns used for unaries

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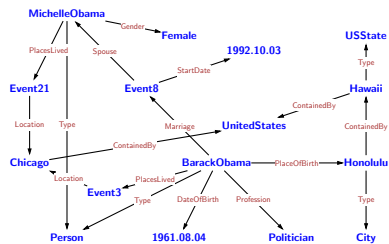
(Barack Obama, *was born in*, Honolulu)  
(Albert Einstein, *was born in*, Ulm)  
(Barack Obama, *lived in*, Chicago)  
... 15M triples ...

- Entities are linked to Freebase
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15,000 text phrases

# Alignment: KB predicates

Freebase:



(BarackObama, **PlaceOfBirth**, Honolulu)

(Albert Einstein, **PlaceOfBirth**, Ulm)

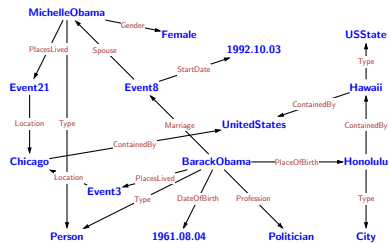
(BarackObama, **PlacesLived.Location**, Chicago)

... 600M triples ...



# Alignment: KB predicates

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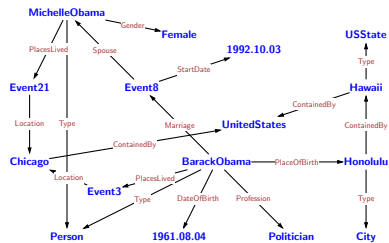
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**Binaries:** paths of length 1 or 2 in the KB graph

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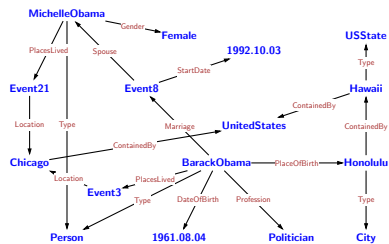
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**Binaries:** paths of length 1 or 2 in the KB graph

**Unaries:** **Type.x** or **Profession.x**

# Alignment: KB predicates

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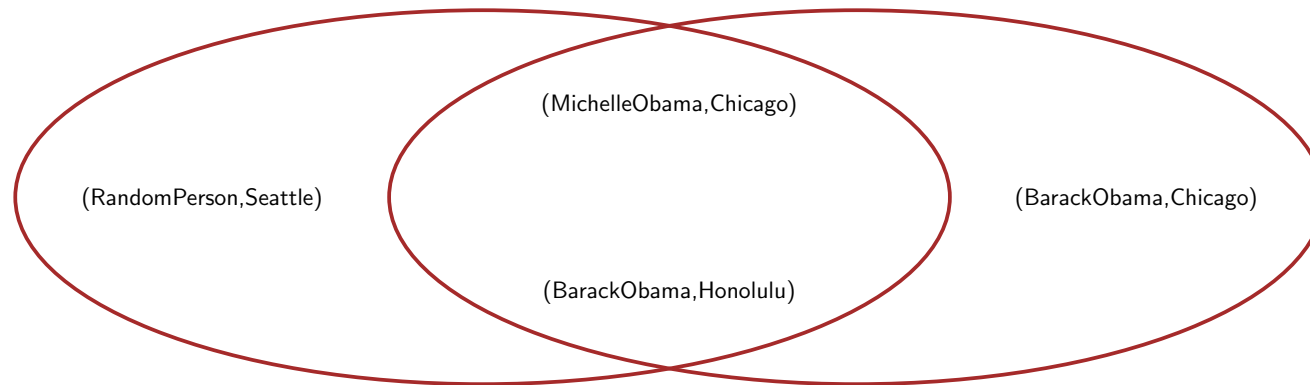
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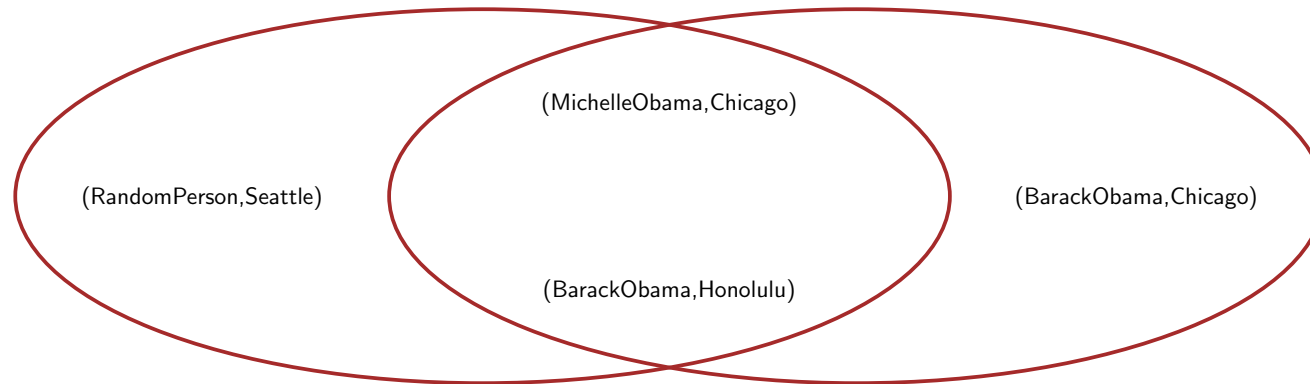
# Alignment: match phrases and predicates

*born in*[Person,Location].....PlacesLived.Location

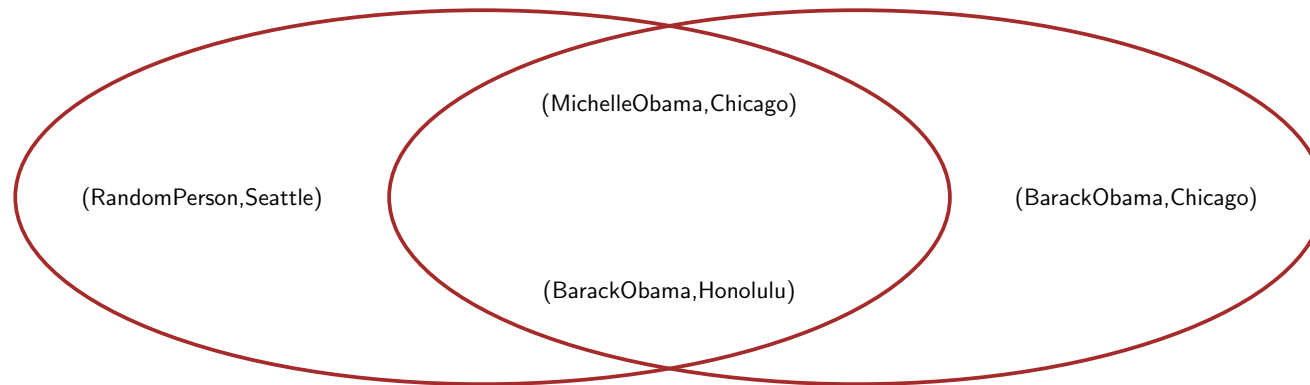
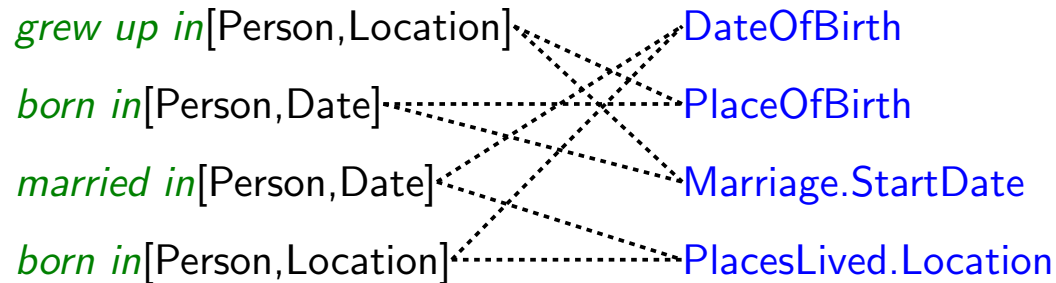


# Alignment: match phrases and predicates

*grew up in*[Person,Location] ..... DateOfBirth  
*born in*[Person,Date] ..... PlaceOfBirth  
*married in*[Person,Date] ..... Marriage.StartDate  
*born in*[Person,Location] ..... PlacesLived.Location

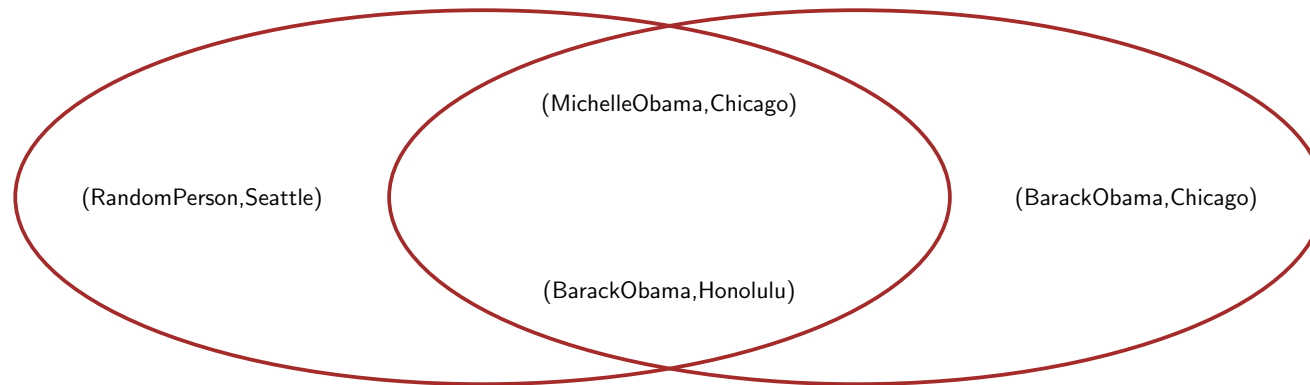
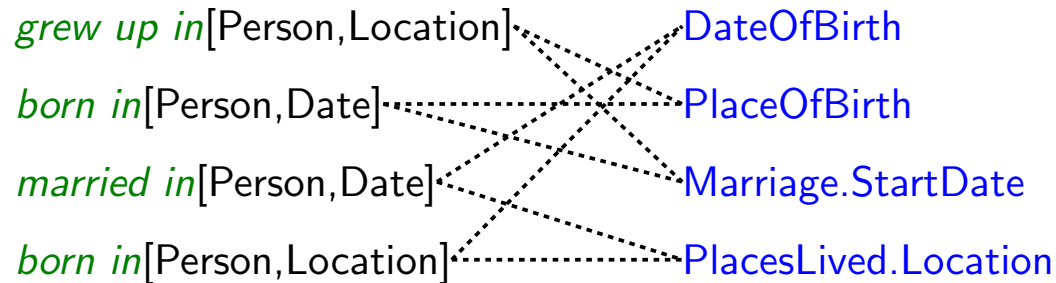


# Alignment: match phrases and predicates



**Lexicon:** Mapping from phrases to predicates with features

# Alignment: match phrases and predicates



**Lexicon:** Mapping from phrases to predicates with features

## Alignment features

phrase-count:15,765  
predicate-count: 9,182  
intersection-count: 6,048  
**KB-best-match:** 0

# Semantic parsing



- Setup
- Alignment
- **Bridging**
- Composition
- Dataset creation
- Experiments



# Bridging

Often predicates are not expressed explicitly:

- *What government does Chile have?*
- *What is Italy's language?*
- *Where is Beijing?*
- *What is the cover price of X-men?*
- *Who did Humphrey Bogart marry in 1928?*

# Bridging

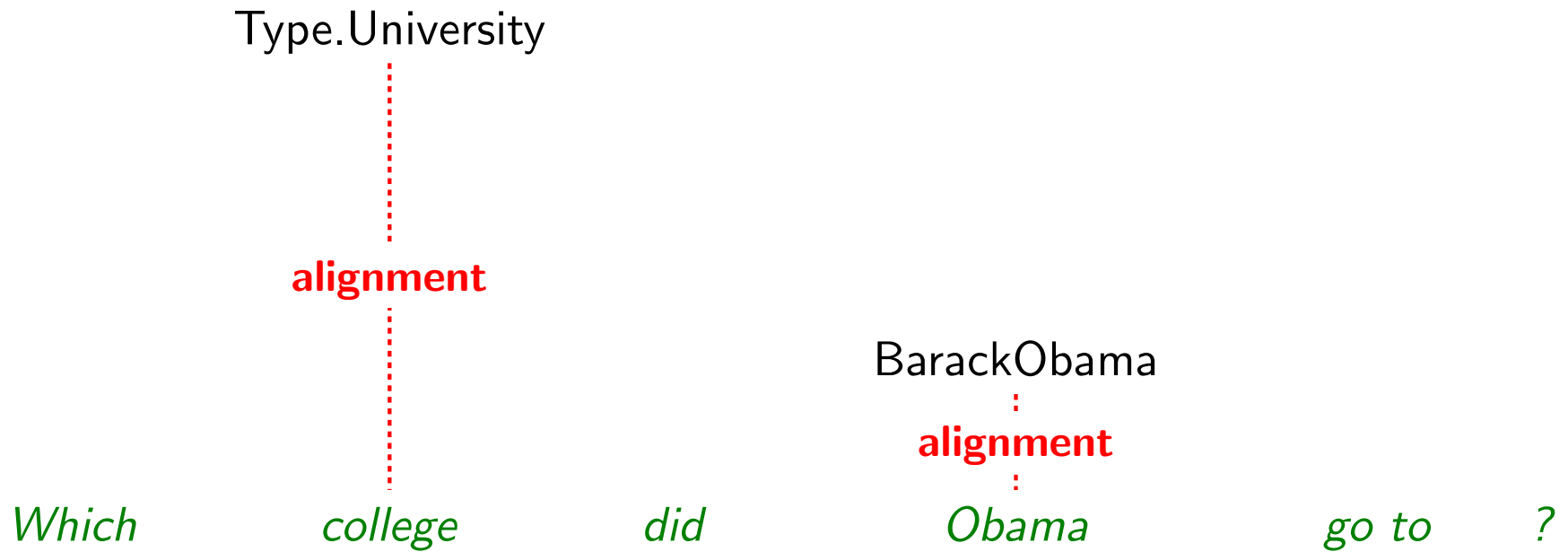
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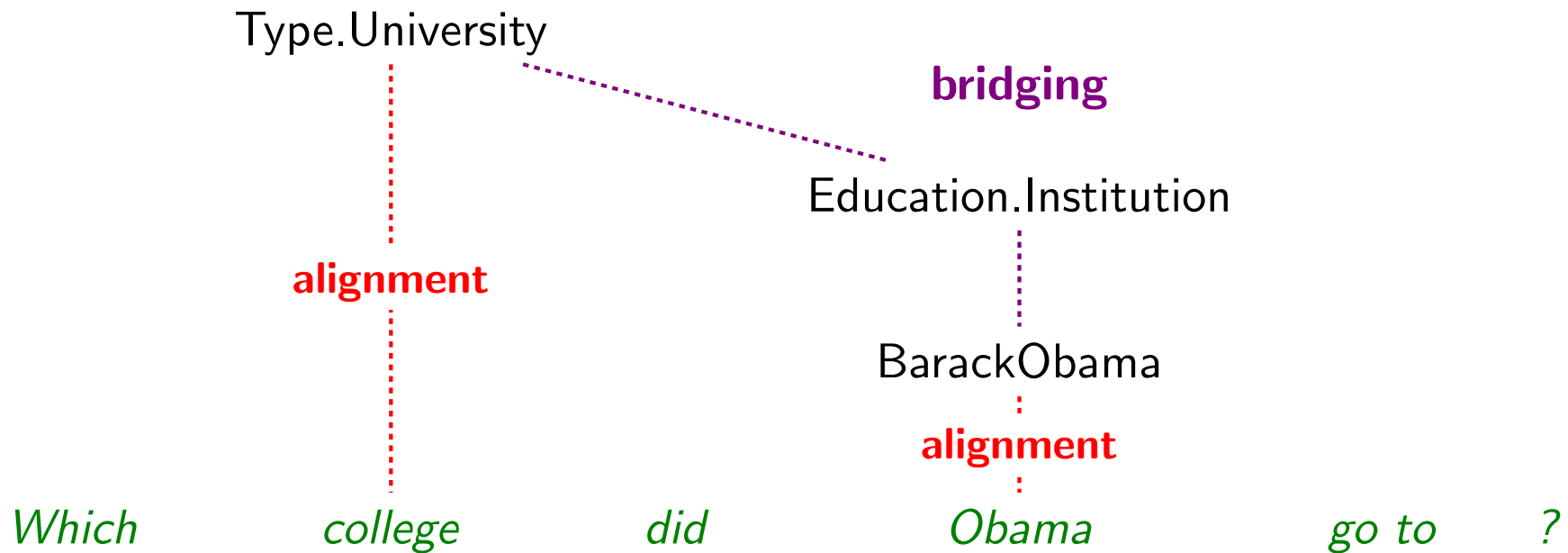
**Alignment:** build coarse mapping from raw text

**Bridging:** use neighboring predicates / type constraints

# Bridging 1: two unaries

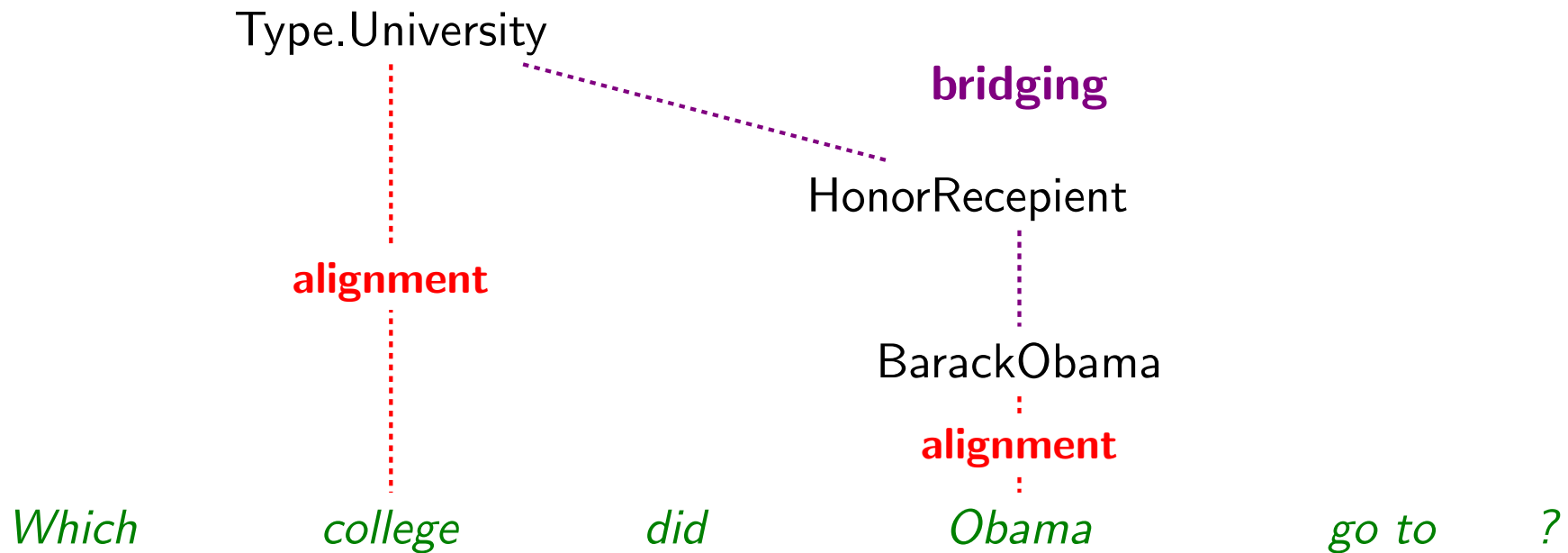


# Bridging 1: two unaries



`Type.University`  $\sqcap$  `Education.Institution`.*BarackObama*

# Bridging 1: two unaries

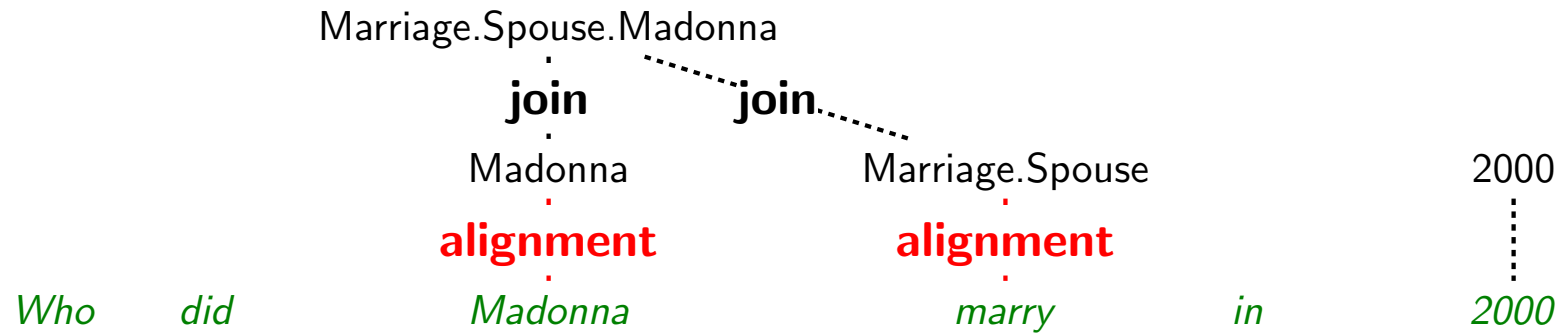


Type.University  $\sqcap$  Education.Institution.BarackObama

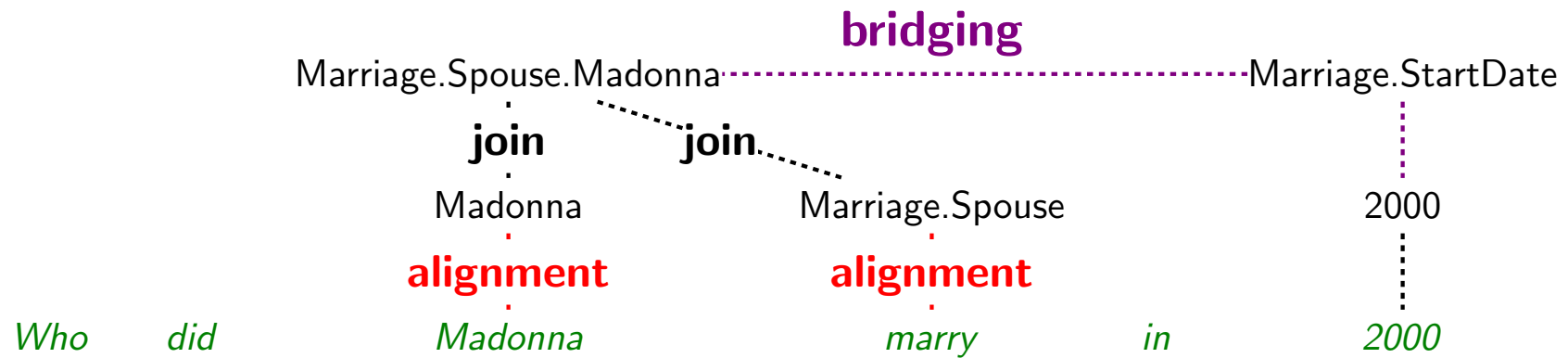
## features

br-popularity	:	11.37
br-two-unaries	:	1
br-education.institution:		1

# Bridging 2: event modifiers



# Bridging 2: event modifiers



Marriage.(Spouse.Madonna  $\sqcap$  StartDate.2000)

## features

br-popularity:	7.11
br-inject	: 1
br-startdate	: 1

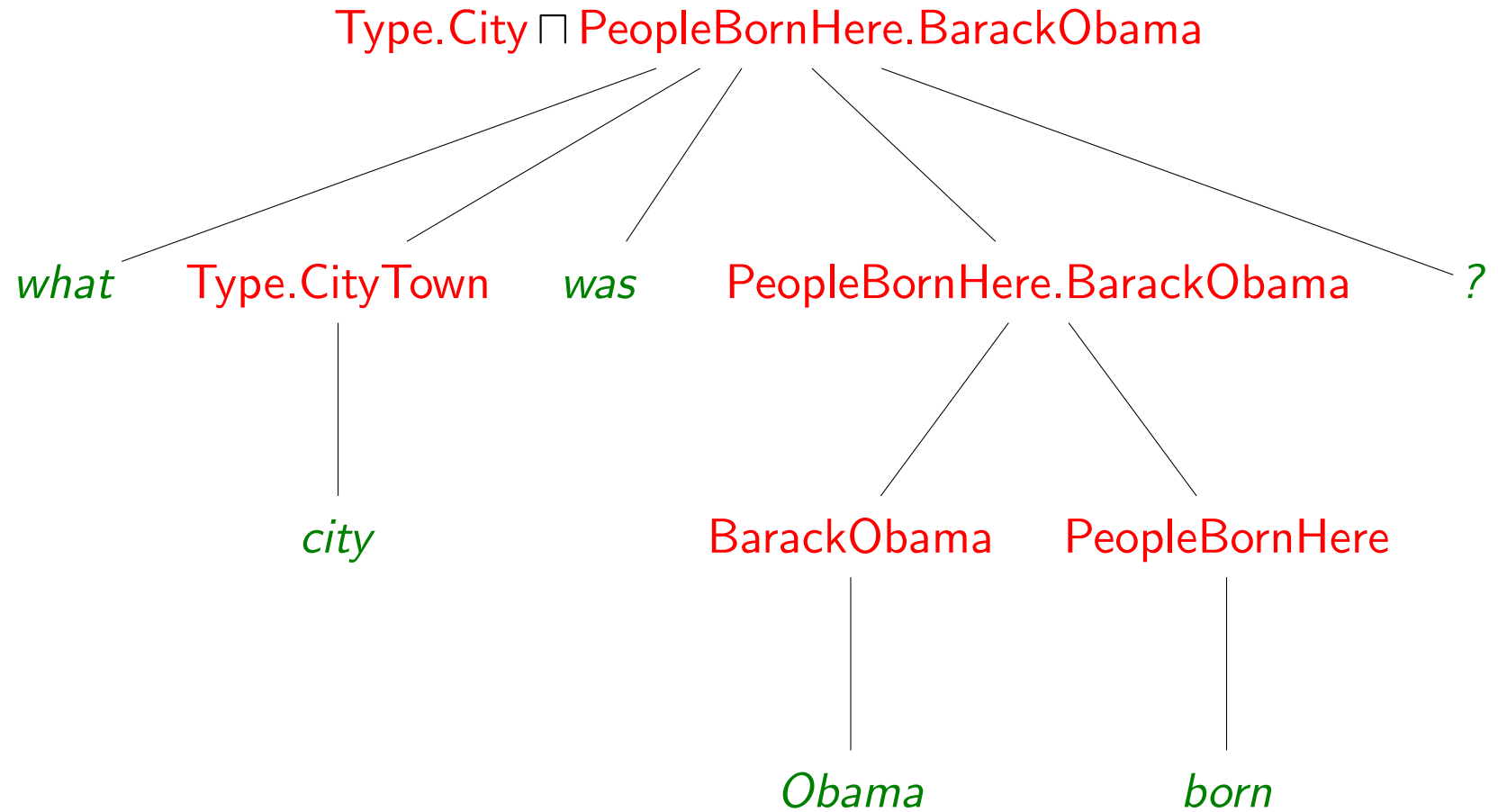
# Semantic parsing



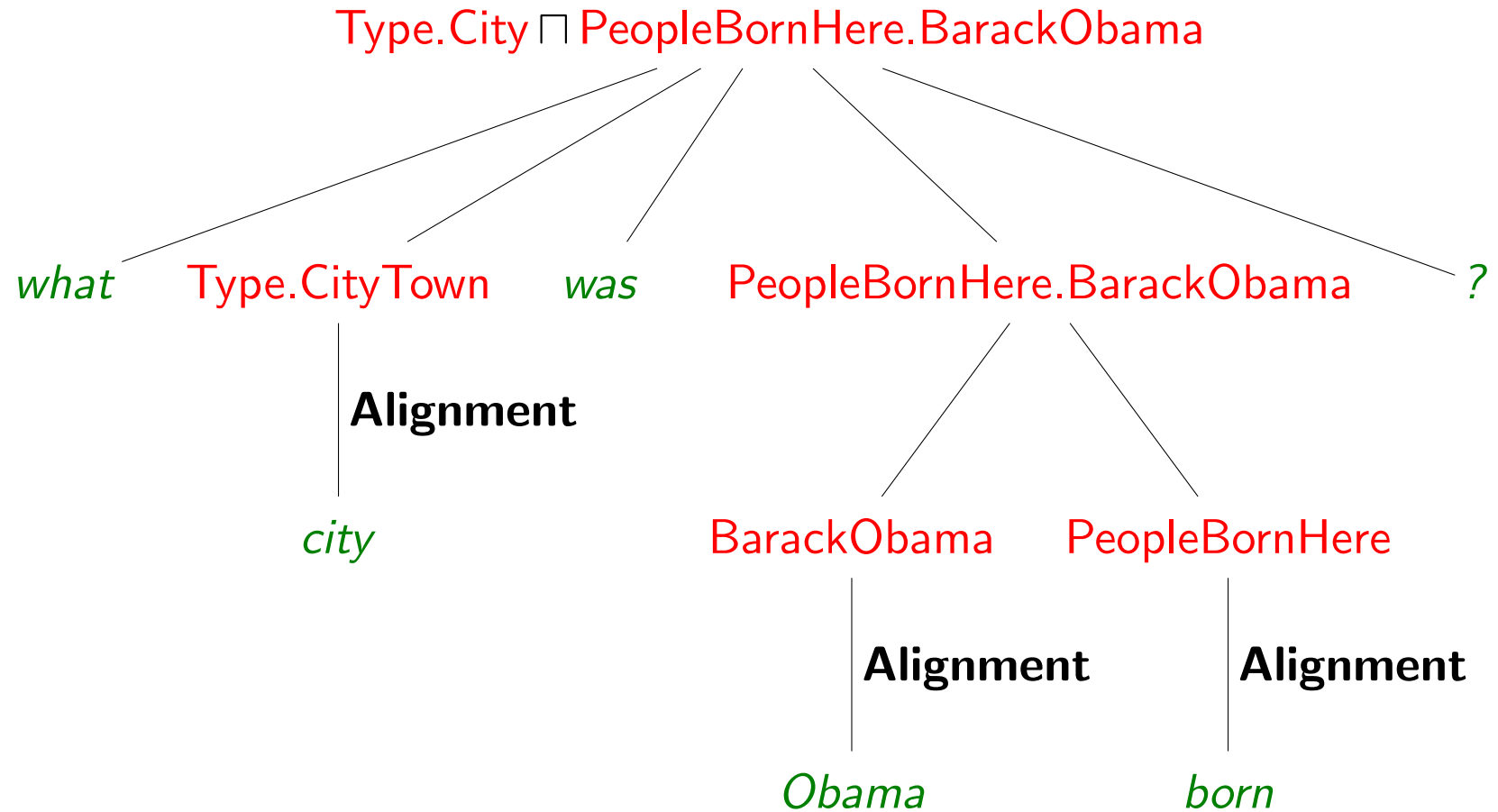
- Setup
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- **Composition**
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- Experiments



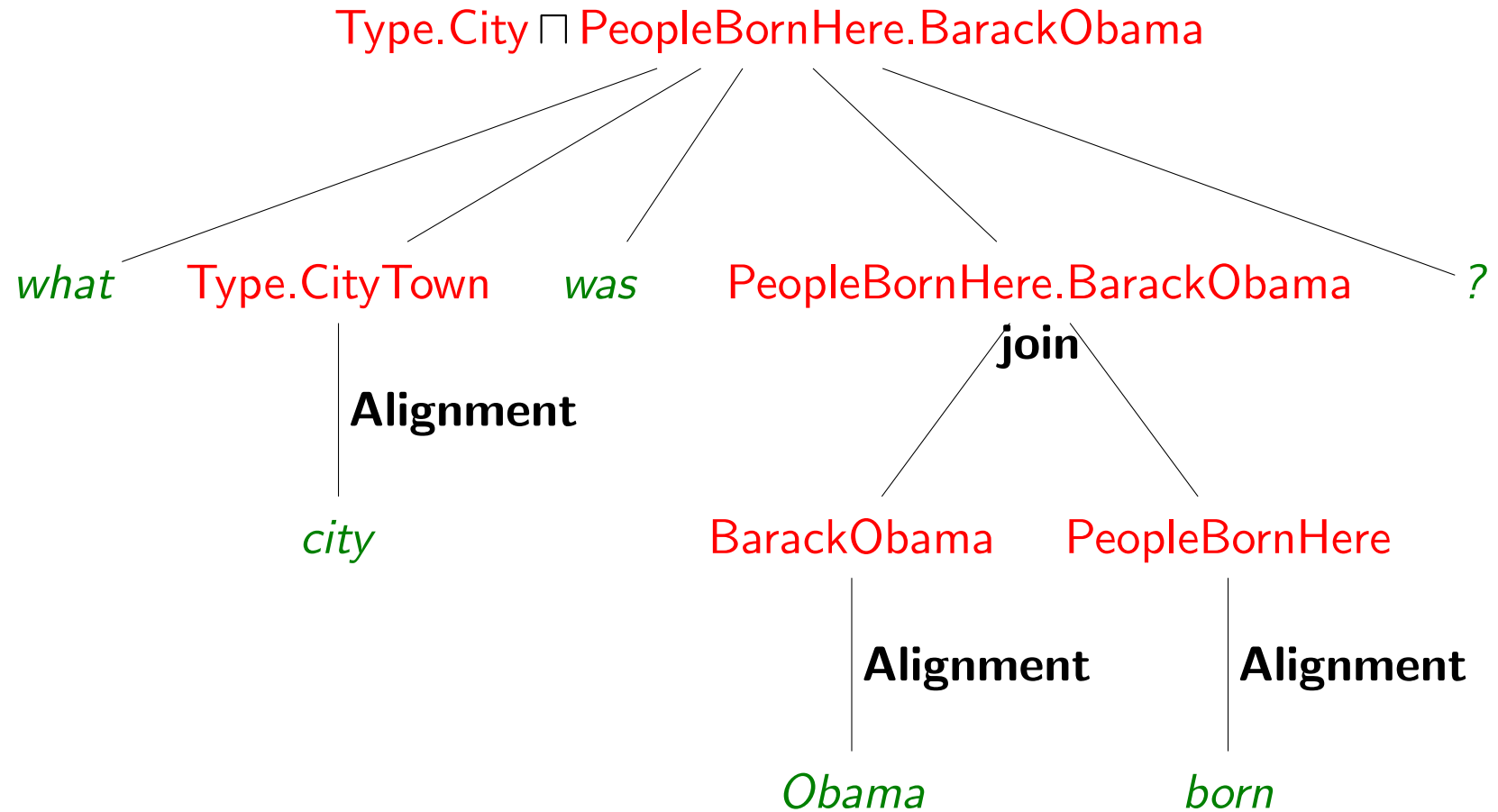
# One derivation



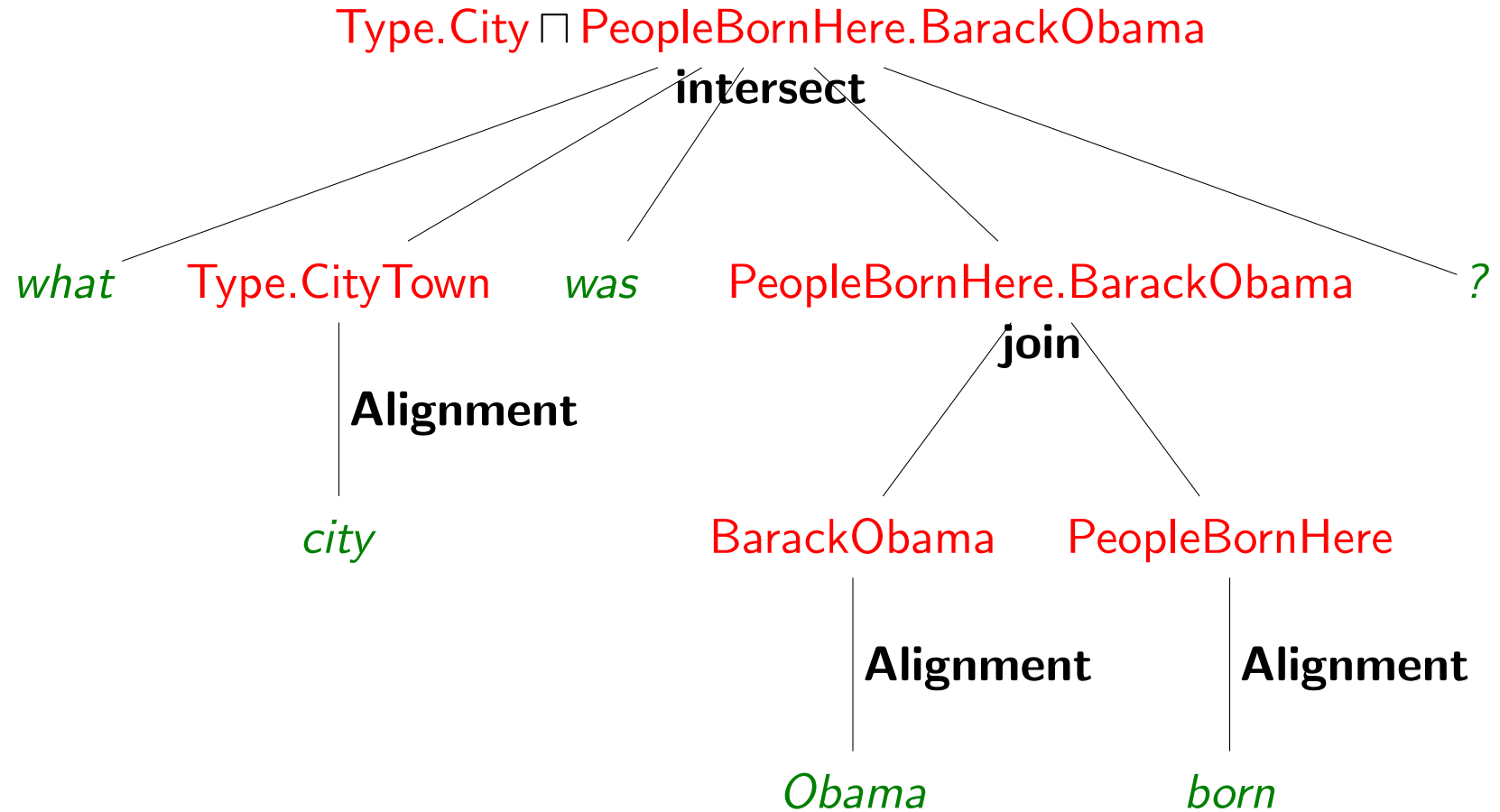
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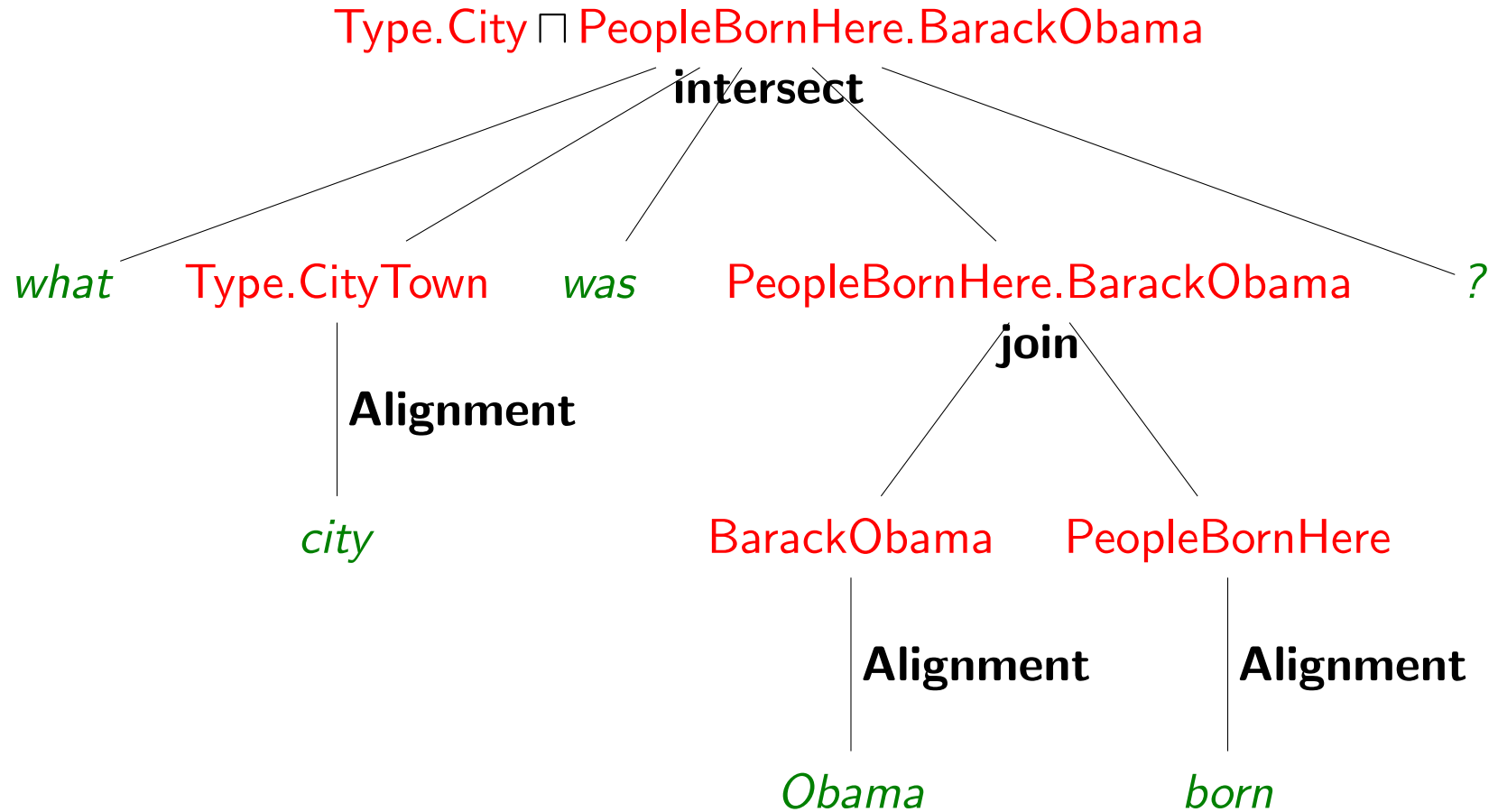
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# One derivation



Derivations are constructed using an over-general grammar

# Model

Candidate derivations:  $\mathcal{D}(x)$

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**Model:** distribution over derivations  $d$  given utterance  $x$

$$p(d \mid x, \theta) = \frac{\exp(\phi(x, d) \cdot \theta)}{\sum_{d' \in \mathcal{D}(x)} \exp(\phi(x, d') \cdot \theta)}$$

# Model

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Features:

- Alignment and bridging
- lexicalized
- syntactic
- denotation



# Model

Candidate derivations:  $\mathcal{D}(x)$

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Features:

- Alignment and bridging
- lexicalized
- syntactic
- denotation

Training (estimating  $\theta$ ):

- Stochastic gradient descent (AdaGrad)

# Semantic parsing



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# WebQuestions: getting questions

Strategy: breadth-first search over Google Suggest graph

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Answers were obtained through crowdsourcing (AMT)

# Dataset comparison

Free917 [Cai & Yates, 2013]: 917 examples, 2,036 word types

*What is the engine in a 2010 Ferrari California?*

*What was the cover price of the X-men Issue 1?*

- Generate questions based on Freebase facts

WebQuestions [our work]: 5,810 examples, 4,525 word types

*What character did Natalie Portman play in Star Wars?*

*What kind of money to take to Bahamas?*

*What did Edward Jenner do for a living?*

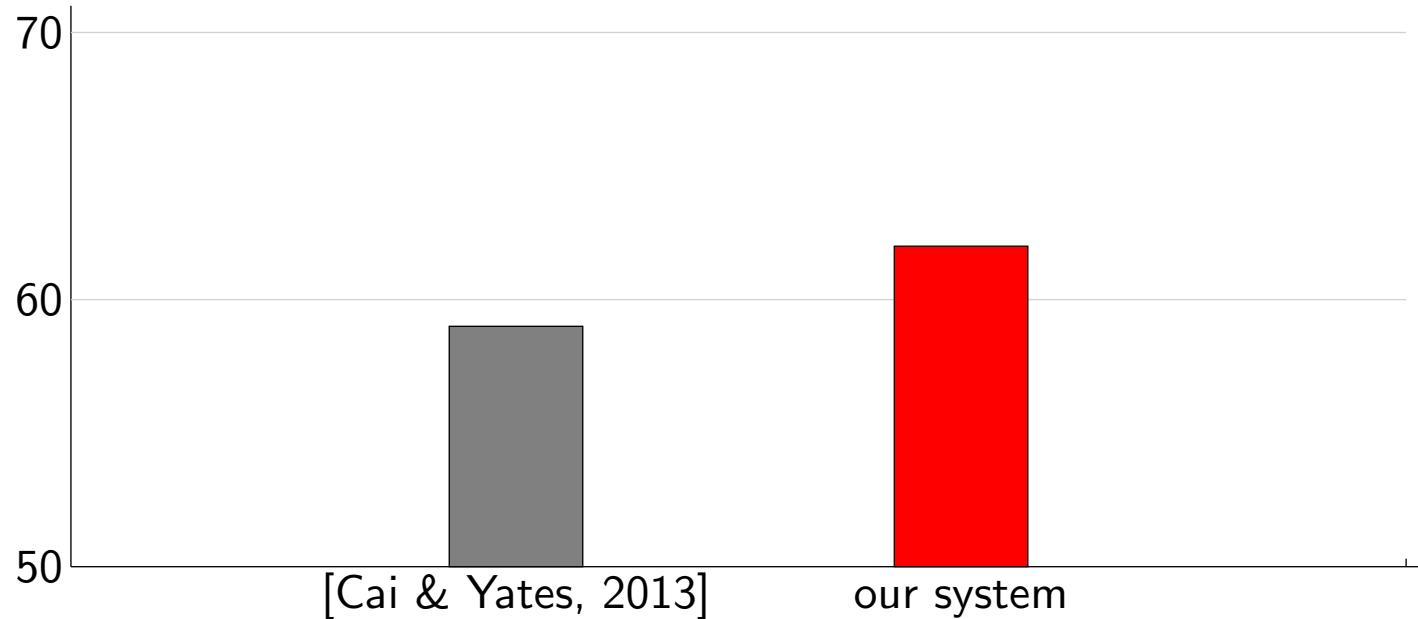
- Generate questions from Google  $\Rightarrow$  less formulaic

# Semantic parsing



- Setup
- Alignment
- Bridging
- Composition
- Dataset creation
- **Experiments**

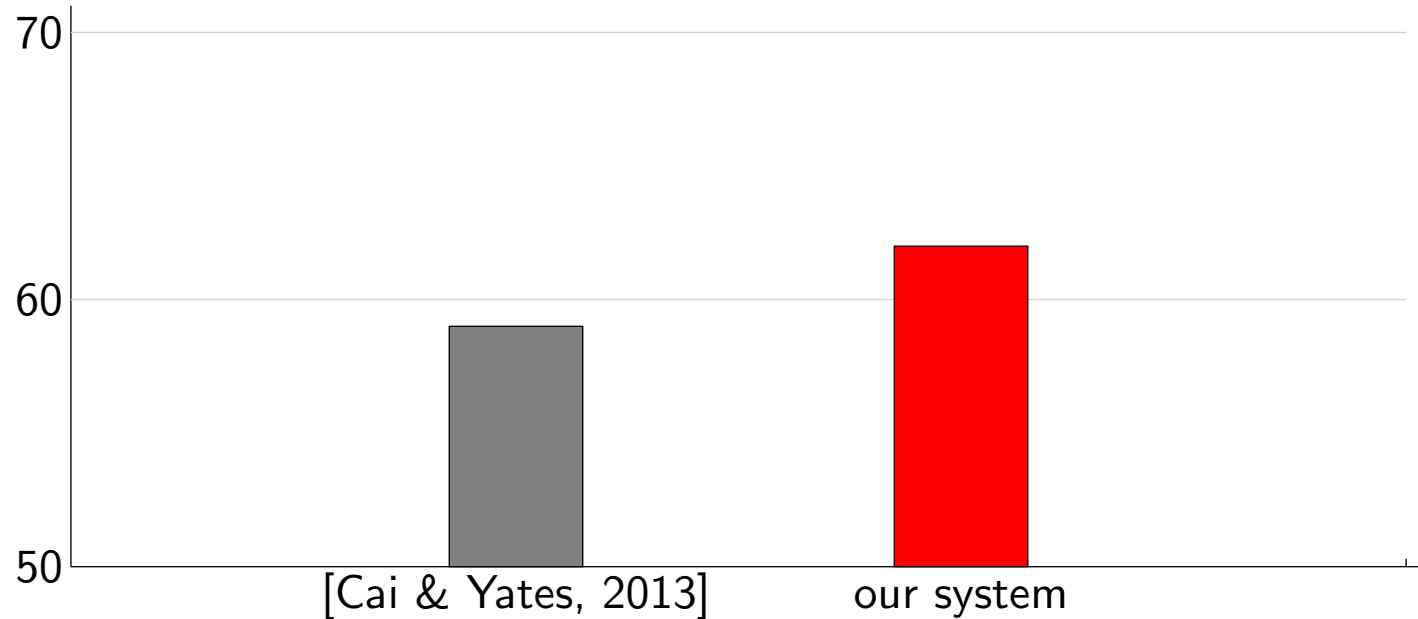
# Results on Free917



## Differences:

- We train from answers only, CY13 uses logical forms
- We use 12K binary predicates, CY13 used 2k binary predicates

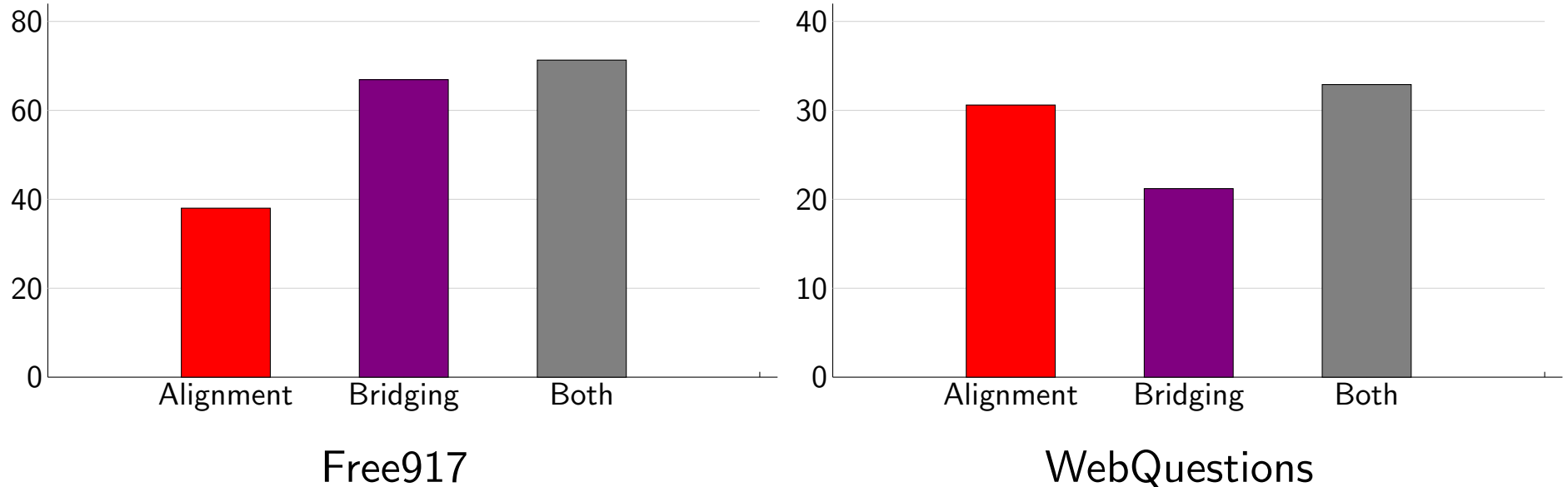
# Results on Free917



## Differences:

- We train from answers only, CY13 uses logical forms
- We use 12K binary predicates, CY13 used 2k binary predicates
- Kwiatkowski et al. obtain larger improvement

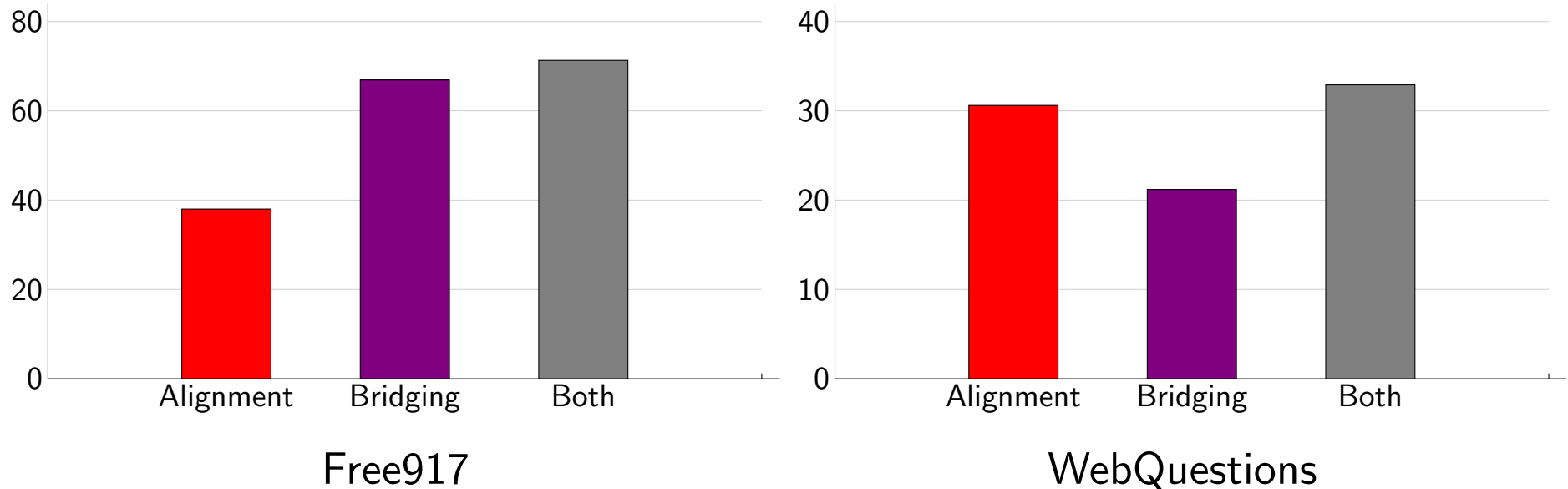
# Impact of alignment and bridging



## Conclusions:

- Bridging more important for Free917
- Alignment more important for WebQuestions

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## Conclusions:

- Bridging more important for Free917
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Test accuracy on webQuestions: 35.7



# Summary

Learning from question-answer pairs

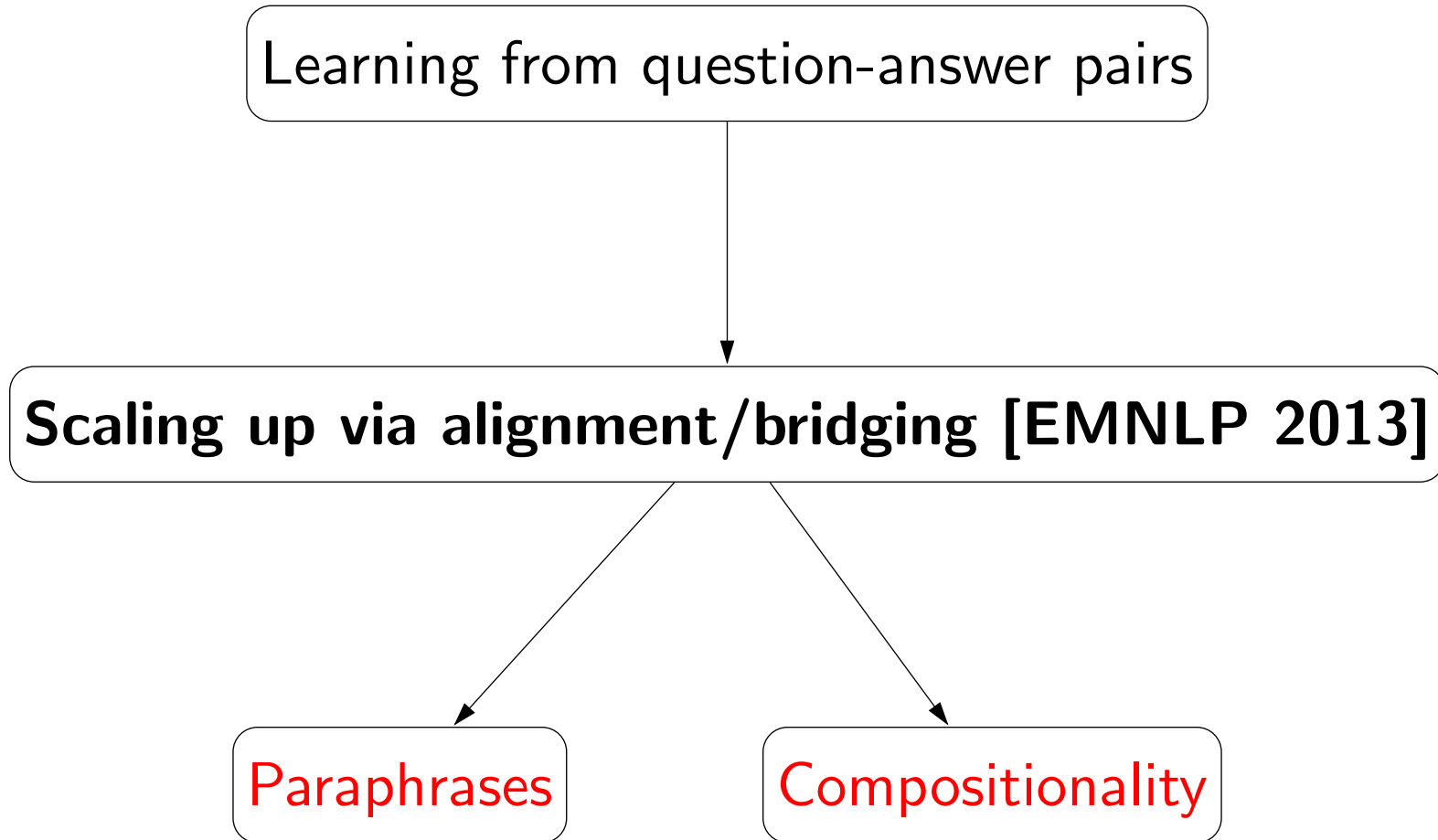
# Summary

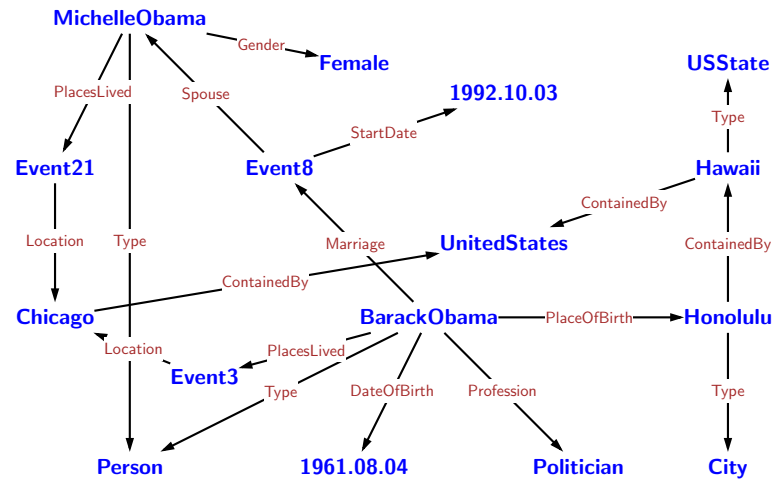
Learning from question-answer pairs



**Scaling up via alignment/bridging [EMNLP 2013]**

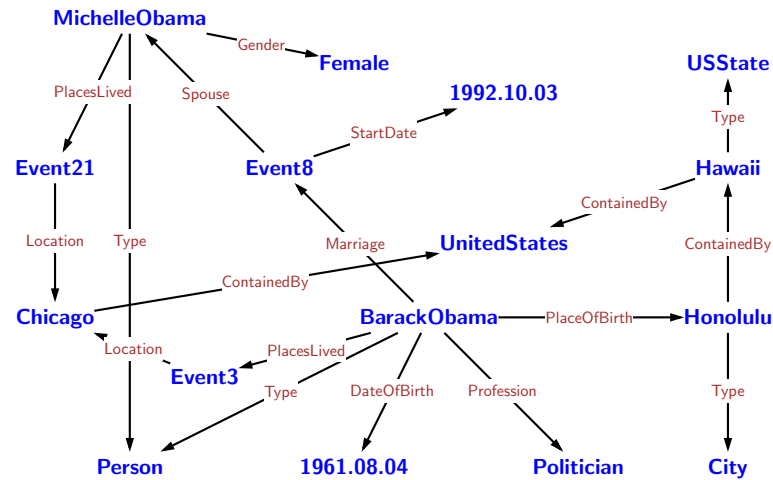
# Summary





All data and code:

<http://www-nlp.stanford.edu/software/sempr/>



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**Thank you!**