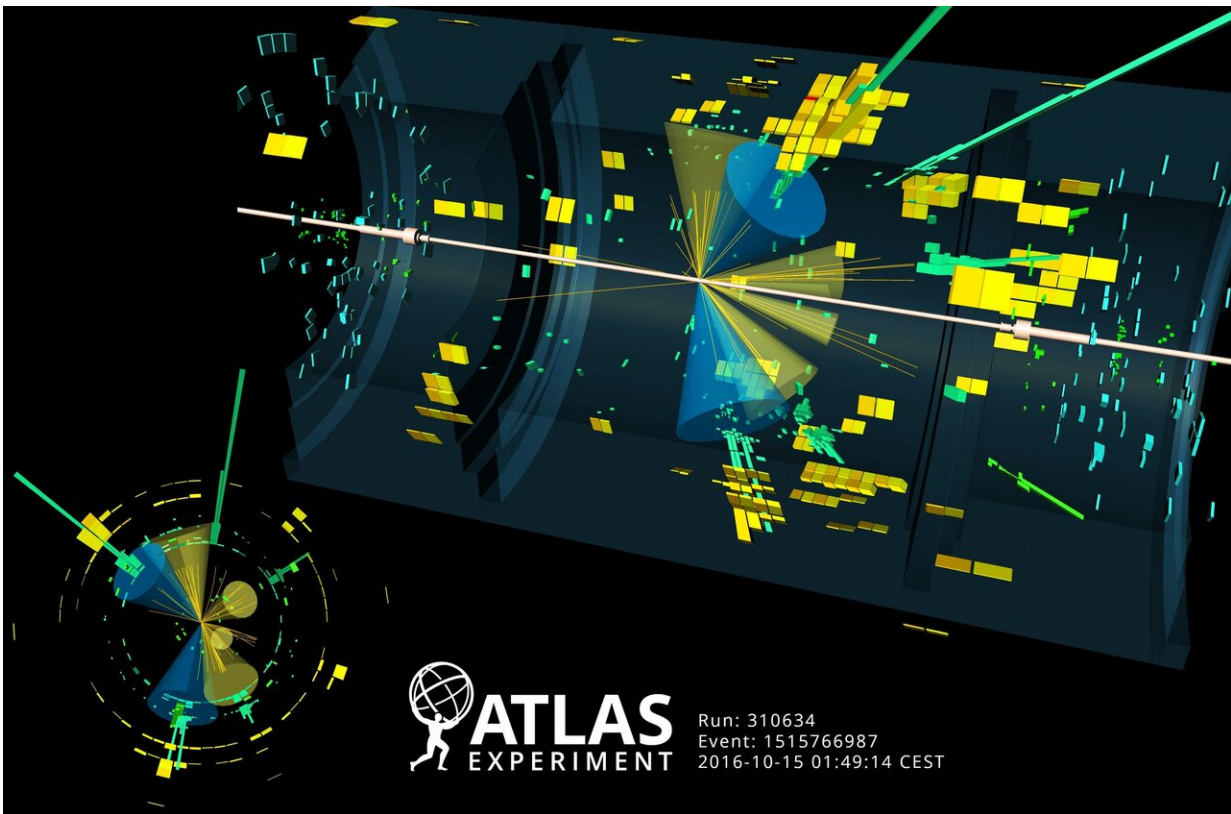


ATLAS experiment measures Higgs boson coupling to top quark in diphoton channel with full Run 2 dataset

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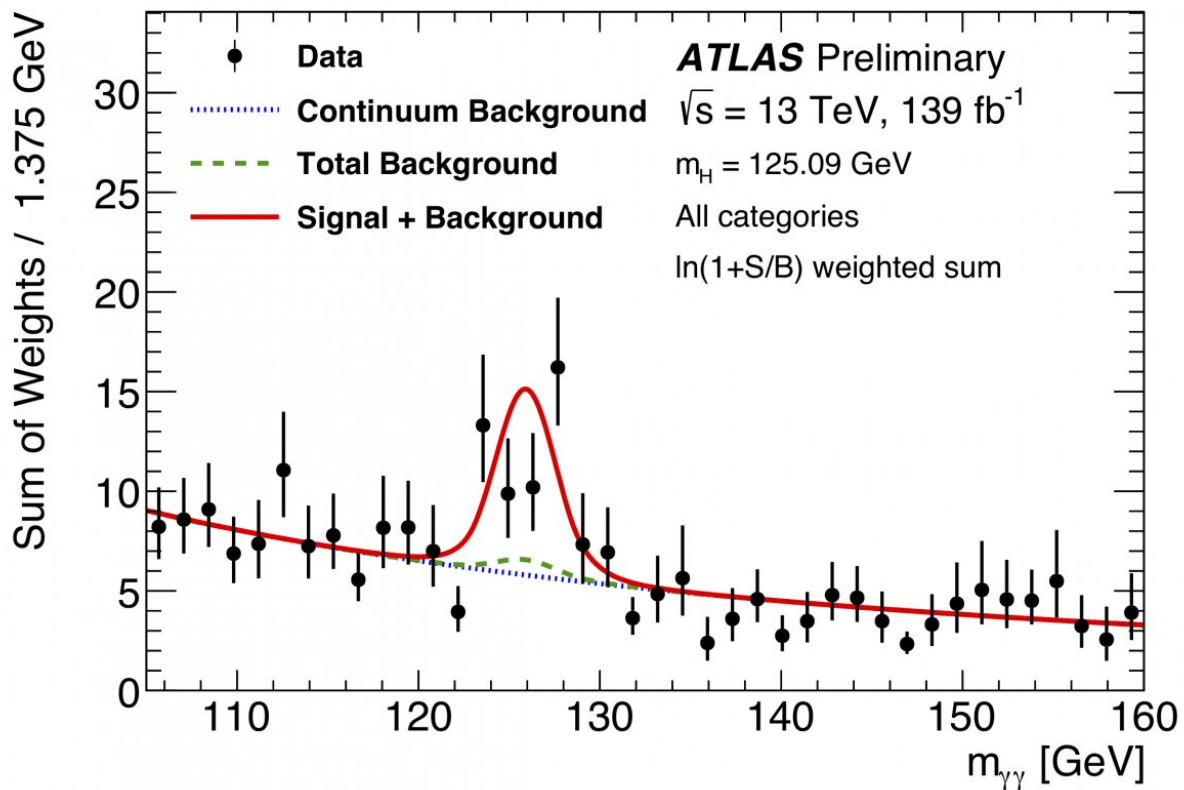


Visualisation of an event from the $t\bar{t}H(\gamma\gamma)$ analysis. The event contains two photon candidates (green towers), while the b-jets are shown as yellow (blue) cones. Credit: ATLAS Collaboration/CERN

In 2018, the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations at CERN announced the [observation of the production of the Higgs boson in association with a top-quark pair](#), known as "ttH" production. This result was the first observation of the Higgs boson coupling to quarks. It was followed shortly by the [observation of Higgs boson decays to bottom quarks](#).

As only about 1 percent of the Higgs bosons are produced in association with a top-quark pair at the Large Hadron Collider (LHC), achieving this observation was especially challenging. It was accomplished by searching across many different Higgs boson decay channels, including decays to two W or Z bosons (WW^* or ZZ^*), a pair of tau leptons, a pair of b-quarks, and a pair of photons ("diphoton"). Their combination established ttH production with a significance of 6.3 standard deviations. The diphoton channel alone, using 80 fb^{-1} of data recorded by ATLAS between 2015 and 2017, provided an observed significance of 4.1 standard deviations (for 3.7 standard deviations expected when assuming ttH production to occur as predicted by the Standard Model).

The ATLAS Collaboration presented an updated measurement of ttH production in the diphoton channel. [The result](#) examines the full Run 2 dataset – 139 fb^{-1} collected between 2015 and 2018 – to observe ttH production in a single channel with a significance of 4.9 standard deviations (for 4.2 expected).



The $t\bar{t}H$ signal in the diphoton invariant mass spectrum. Events from the different analysis categories are weighted according to the category sensitivity to the $t\bar{t}H$ signal. The $t\bar{t}H$ signal manifests itself as a localised resonant bump in the red curve, representing the fit to the data of the signal and background shapes. The other Higgs production modes provide a small contribution to the resonant peak, as shown by the green dashed line. Credit: ATLAS Collaboration/CERN

The analysis techniques utilised in the new result followed closely those [employed in the previously published analysis](#) – with a few exceptions. To cope with the intense 2018 data-taking conditions, ATLAS physicists revised their data calibration and selection mechanisms. In particular, the result utilises a revised procedure for differentiating photons arising, for example, from a Higgs boson decay from those induced by hadron jets,

as well as an adapted photon energy calibration. Additionally, ATLAS implemented a new calibration for hadron jets, especially for those issued from bottom quarks, whose presence in the event is used to identify the decay of top quarks.

The ttH cross section times the Higgs-to-diphoton branching fraction (the probability that a Higgs [boson](#) will decay into a photon pair) was measured to be 1.58 ± 0.39 fb. Its ratio to the Standard Model prediction is 1.38 ± 0.41 , in agreement with unity.

ATLAS is now working on extending the analysis of the diphoton [channel](#) – which is sensitive both to ttH and the other Higgs production modes – to the full Run 2 dataset. This complete diphoton measurement will allow for an even more sensitive test of the Higgs mechanism, and will further refine the ttH measurement.

More information: Measurements of Higgs boson production in association with a $t\bar{t}$ pair in the diphoton decay channel using 139 fb^{-1} of LHC data collected at 13 TeV by the ATLAS experiment:

[atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS ... ATLAS-CONF-2019-004/](https://atlas.web.cern.ch/Atlas/GROUPS/CONF/ATLAS-CONF-2019-004/)

Provided by ATLAS Experiment

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